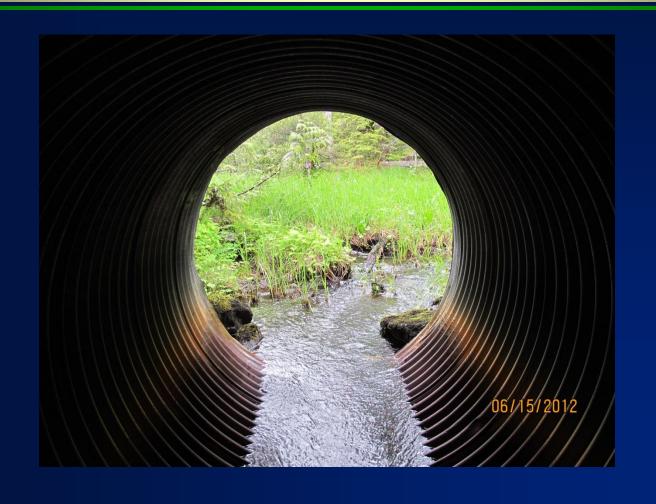
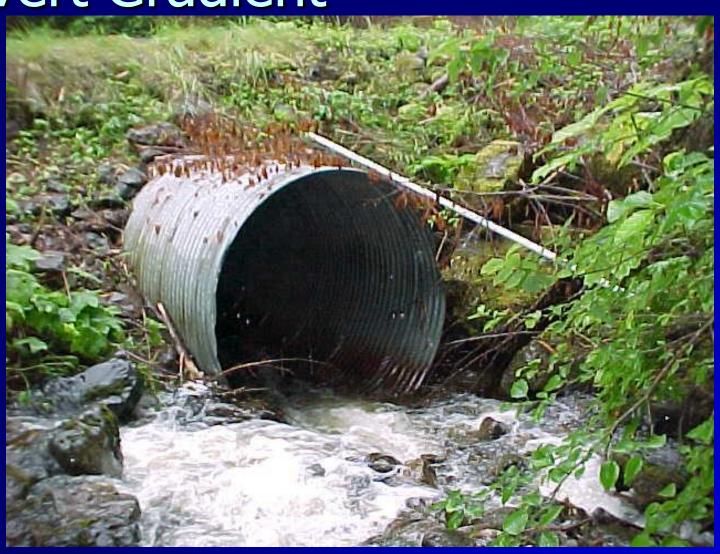
#### Tongass National Forest Road-Stream Crossing Surveys: Methods, Assessment Status, and Data Stewardship







# Culvert Gradient



# Stream Channel Constriction



# Perched Outlet



# Debris Blockage



#### Tongass Fish Passage

**Inventory Methods** 

**Passage Assessment** 

**Biological Evaluation** and Prioritization

**Remediation Status** 

**Data Management** 



# **Inventory Methods**

Locate all fish stream crossings

Obtain measurements for passage assessment



## **Inventory Methods**

#### RCS Data Element Categories

- General
- Spatial
- Road
- Drainage Structure
- Fish Passage

R-10 EFFECTIVE 07/02/1999 EXPIRATION 12/01/2000

Appendix A

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<u>12.5</u> - <u>Condition Surveys</u>. Road condition surveys are methods of determining the status and from that information deriving the maintenance needs for roads. Condition surveys provide information for 1) identification of maintenance trends, 2) problems analysis, and 3) priority setting for work scheduling and funding.

The Road Condition Survey data is designed to function within ArcView with full integration of GIS spatial coverages. With the use of geographic information

Tongass National Forest

Assessment of Fish Passage at Road Crossings

Version: May 17, 2012

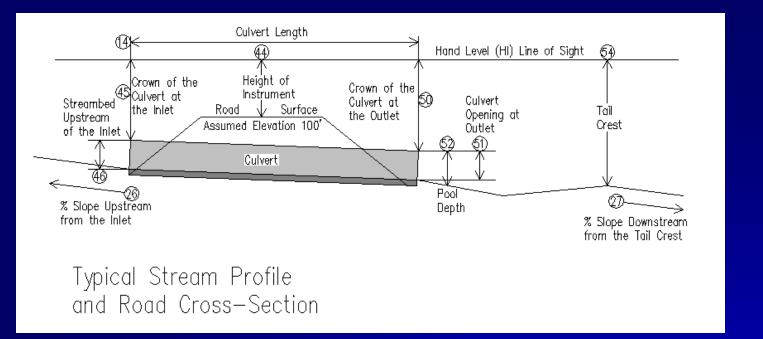
# Approximately 60 measurements obtained....including:

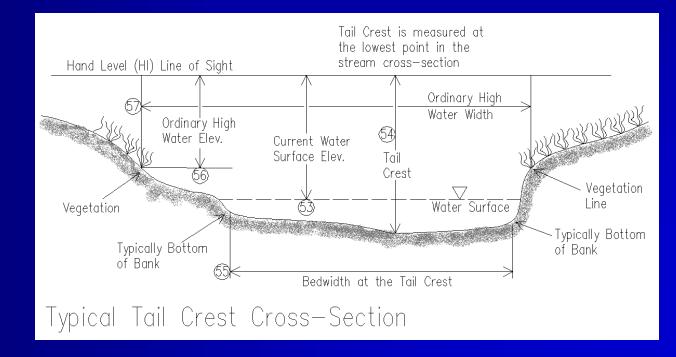
- Fish Presence
- Culvert Dimensions and Type
- Culvert Inlet and Outlet Elevations
- Debris Blockage
- Culvert Bedload Size, Depth and Coverage
- Leap Pool Depth
- Downstream Control Elevation
- Ordinary High Water Width & Elevation
- Channel Bedwidth
  - **Outlet Condition**
- Photo Documentation

#### **Derived Values:**

- Stream Constriction Ratio
- Culvert Outlet Perch
- Culvert Gradient
- •Culvert Substrate Depth Ratio
- Stage-Discharge Rating Curve
- •Mannings Roughness Coeff.
- Design Flow Velocity







#### Corrugations are rusting out due to corrosion from saltwater

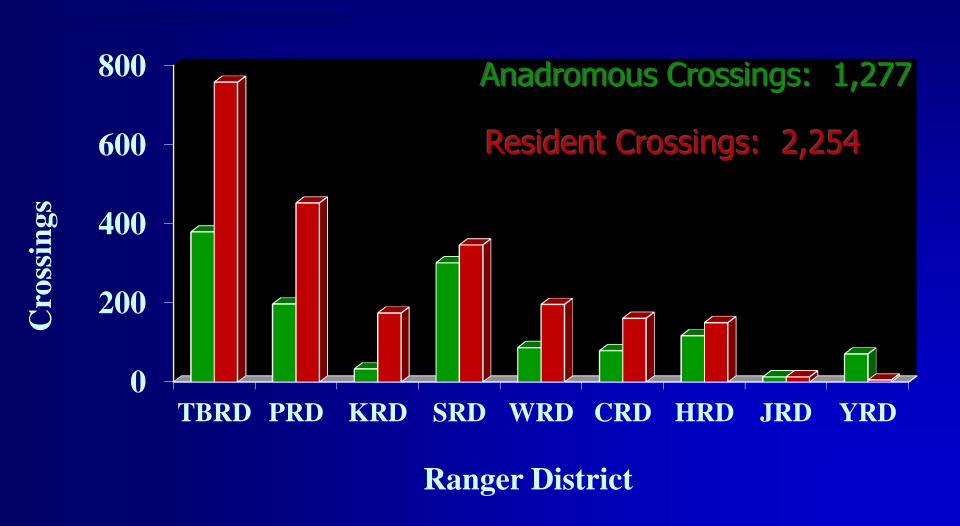


No.	Element	Abbrev. Code		No.	Element	Abbrev.	Code	
1	Road Number	RTE_NO	XXXXX	33	Silver Salmon Presence	SS		
2	Milepost	MP	0.000	34	Cutthrout Presence	CT		
3	Road System	SYS	XX	35	Dolly Varden Presence	DV		
4	Sampling Crew	CREW	XXXXX	36	Steelhead Presence	SH		
5	Date	DATE	XXXXX	37	Chum Salmon Presence	CS		
6	Feature	FEAT	CP2	38	King Salmon Presence	KS		
7	Descriptive Parameter	PRM	SC	39	Pink Salmon Presence	PS	В	
8	Access and Travel Management	ATM		40	Sockeye Salmon Presence	RS		
9	Sign Condition	SGN_C		41	Sculpin Presence	SC		
10	Failure Mechanism	FAIL	MP	42	Stickleback Presence	SB		
11	Photograph	PIC	Υ	44	Height of Instrument	HI		
12	Height of feature	HGT	60	45	Top of Culvert at Inlet	TC_I		
13	Width of feature	WID	60	46	Culvert Opening at Inlet	CO_I		
14	Length of feature	LEN	35	47	Culvert Bedload Coverage	BLD_C		
15	Entrance Type	ENT	PRO	48	Culvert Bedload Type	BLD_T		
16	Ditch Block	DB		49	Upstream Substrate Type	U_SB		
17	Catch Basin	СВ		50	Top of Culvert at Outlet	TC_O		
18	Inlet Erosion	IE		51	Culvert Opening at Outlet	CO_O		
19	Outlet Erosion	OE		52	Depth 6" Downstream of Outlet	PD		
20	% Block	BLK	0	53	Water Surface Elevation	WSE		
21	% Structure Damage	SD		54	Tailcrest	TC		
22	Skew Angle	SKEW	0	55	OHW Mark at Outlet	OHW_O		
23	Road Grade	RD_G	0	56	Bed Width at Tailcrest	B_TC		
25	Bedwidth Upstream of Inlet	B_US	20	57	OHW Width at Tailcrest	OHW_W		
26	Upstream Gradient	U_GD	3	59	Special Site Condition	SSC	ОТ	
27	Downstream Gradient	D_GD	3	60	Action Taken	A_TAK	N	
28	Channel Type	CT	MM_ES	61	Action Required	A_REQ	X	
29	Verified Aquatic Habitat Class	AHMU	1_1	62	Priority	PRI	С	
30	Fish Habitat	HAB	В	63	Problem Corrected	COR		
32	Fish Sampling Method	SMP	VS	64	Notes	NOTES		

### Miles of Road Surveyed



# Fish Crossings Surveyed



#### Tongass Fish Passage

**Inventory Methods** 

## Passage Assessment







#### Fish Passage Assessment Process

BLACK: measurements required for passage determination are not available.

**Coarse Sieve** 

**Thresholds For:** 

- >Culvert Gradient
- >Stream Constriction Ratio
- **≻Debris Blockage**
- **≻Outlet Perch**

GREEN: conditions assumed adequate for fish passage

GRAY: additional analysis required to assess fish passage

RED: conditions assumed <u>not</u> adequate for fish passage

**Computer Aided Analysis of Hydraulic Conditions** 

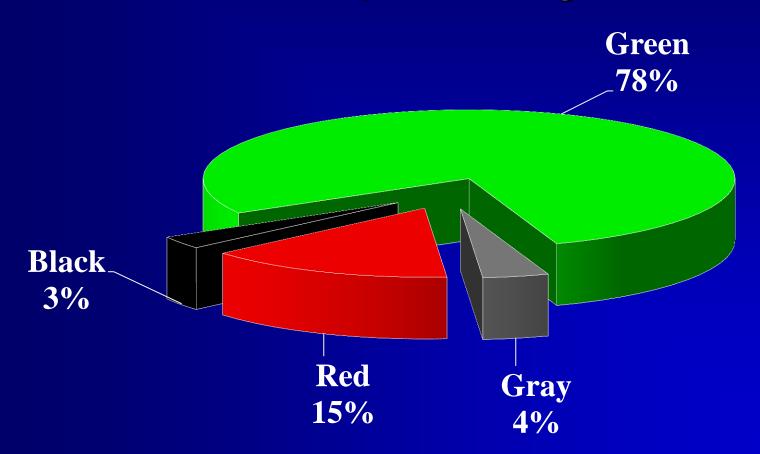
#### Juvenile Salmonid Fish Passage Assessment Matrix

μuvenile Salmoniα Fish Passage Assessment Matrix											
		Group	Green	Gray	Red						
			Conditions assumed adequate to pass juvenile fish	Conditions require additional analysis	Conditions assumed inadequate to pass juvenile fish						
	1	Bottomless pipe arch or embedded¹ pipe arch or embedded CMP.	Culvert span to bed width ratio >= 0.75 and no blockage or backwatered <sup>3</sup> and no blockage.	Culvert span to bed width ratio of 0.5 to 0.75 OR blockage > 0% but <=10%.	Culvert span to bed width ratio <0.5 or blockage >10%						
	2	Non-embedded pipe arches and culvert span <= 144" or non- embedded CMP and culvert span > 48" and <=144".	Culvert gradient <0.5% and no perch <sup>2</sup> and no blockage and culvert span to bed width ratio > 0.75 or backwatered and no blockage.	Culvert gradient between 0.5% - 2.0% or perch >0.0' but <=4" or blockage >0% but <=10% or culvert span to bed width ratio between 0.5 to 0.75	Culvert gradient >2.0% or >4* perch or blockage >10% or culvert span to bed width ratio <0.5.						
	3	Non-embedded CMP	Cha Culvert gradient < 0.5% and no	rt Area Curvert gradient between 0.5% -	Culvert gradient >1.0% or >4"						
	5	and <= 48" span.	perch and no blockage and culvert span to bed width ratio > 0.75 or backwatered and no blockage	1.0% or perch >0.0' but <=4" or blockage >0% but <=10% or culvert span to bed width ratio between 0.5 to 0.75.	perch or blockage >10% or culvert span to bed width ratio <0.5.						
	4	Non-embedded culvert and culvert span >144°	Culvert gradient <1.0% and no perch and no blockage and culvert span to bank full ratio > 0.75 or backwatered and no blockage.	Culvert gradient between 1.0% - 2.0% or perch >0.0' but <=4" or blockage >0% but <=10% or culvert span to bed width ratio between 0.5 to 0.75.	Culvert gradient >2.0% or >4" perch or blockage >10% or culvert span to bed width ratio <0.5.						
	5	Box culverts, tidally influenced culverts, culverts with non-standard configurations or materials or baffled culverts.	Fully backwatered	All	Perch >4°						
	6	Bridges or fords or removed structures	No road fill caused blockage	Not Applicable	Road fill causing blockage. Water piping through road fill						
	7	Multiple structure installations	Multiple structures are assessed as other similar structures with the exception that constriction is calculated by dividing the stream bedwidth by the sum of all the structure widths. The structure with the best passage performance is used to determine the passage capability of the entire array.								

**Permanent Roads** 

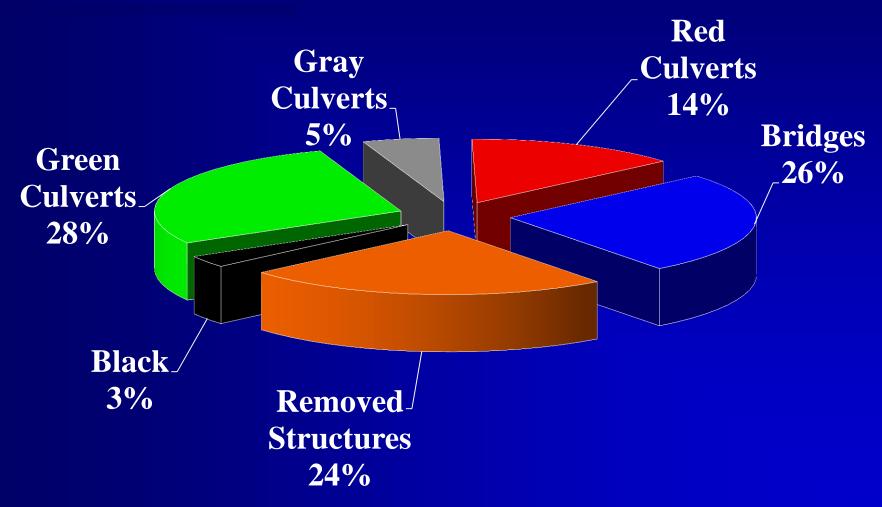
#### **Anadromous Fish Crossings**

n = 1,193 crossings



**Permanent Roads** 

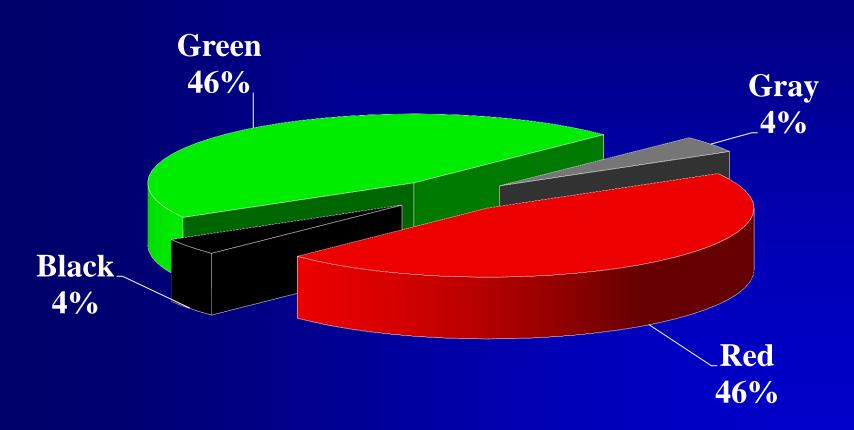
#### **Anadromous Fish Crossings**



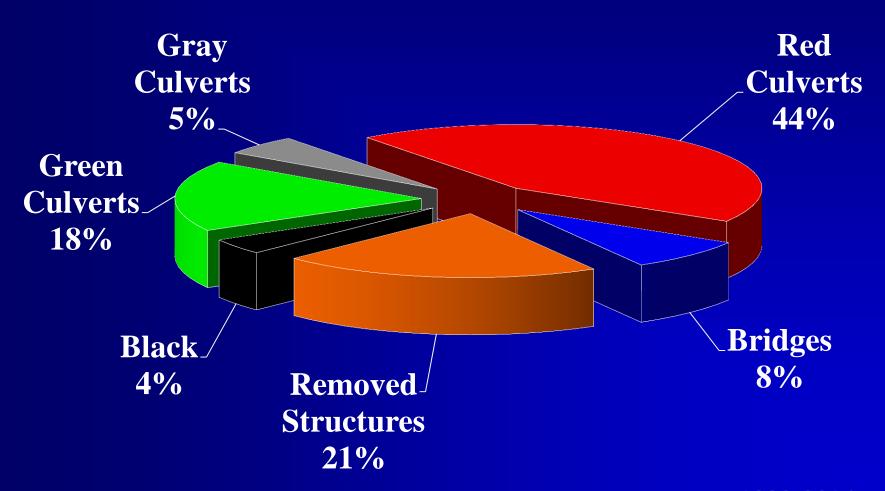
**Permanent Roads** 

**Resident Fish Crossings** 

n = 2,085 crossings



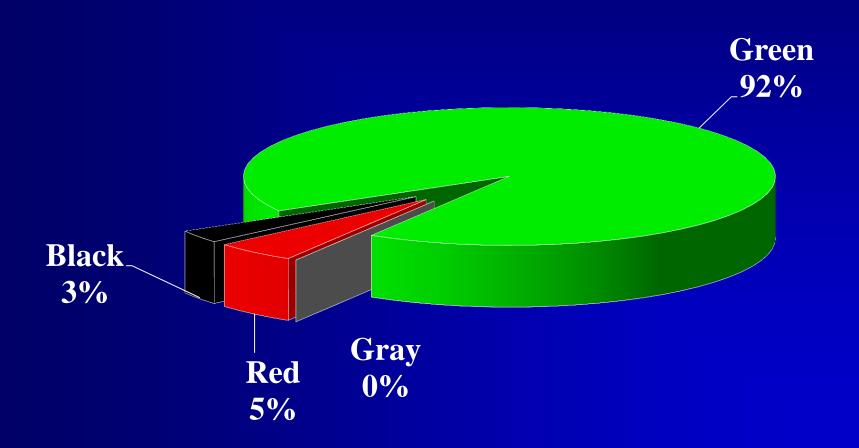
# Juvenile Fish Passage Permanent Roads Resident Fish Crossings



**Temporary Roads** 

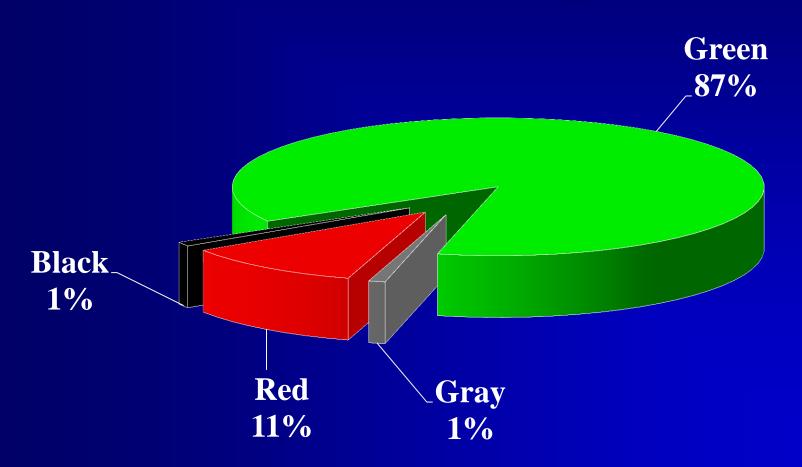
#### **Anadromous Fish Crossings**

n = 88 crossings



# Juvenile Fish Passage Temporary Roads Resident Fish Crossings

n = 164 crossings



#### Tongass Fish Passage

Inventory Methods

Passage Assessment

**Biological Evaluation and Prioritization** 



# Assessment of Habitat Upstream of RED culverts

#### **Objective of Surveys:**

Determine the quantity and quality of the fish habitat located upstream of crossings not meeting passage standards.... A.K.A. RED Crossings

1,642 surveys completed over ~ 5 year period. Surveys continue on a project scale.

TONGASS NATIONAL FOREST UPSTREAM FISH HABITAT ASSESSMENT PROTOCOL

A STREAM HABITAT SURVEY FOR PRIORITIZATION OF FISH PASSAGE REMEDIATION AT ROAD CROSSINGS

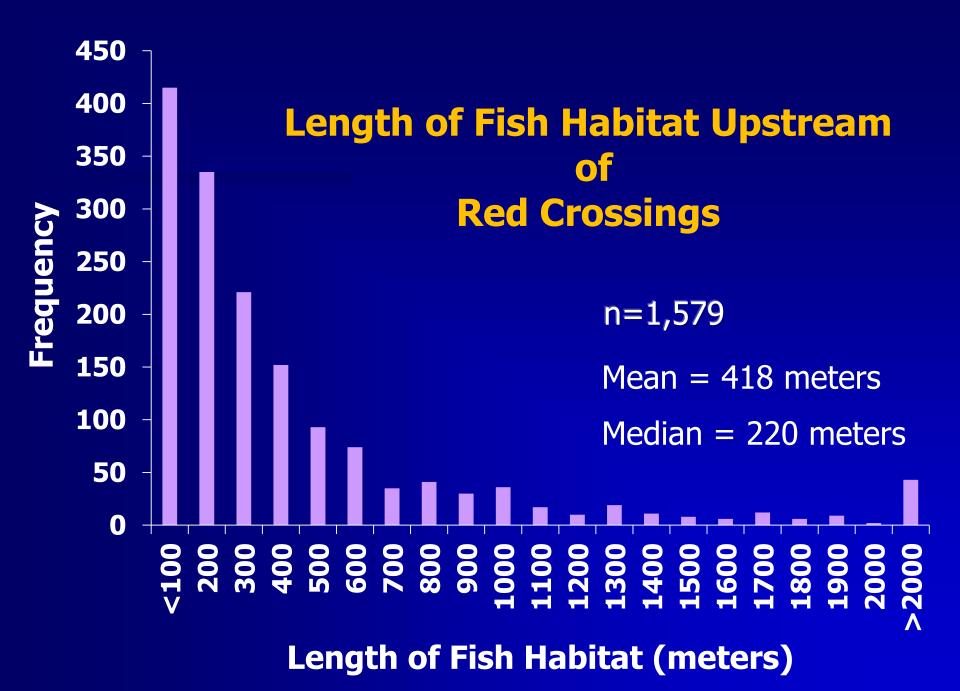
Tongass National Forest

Revised May 19, 2004

# Upstream Habitat Assessment

									AT ASS	ESSMEN		A CARD	)				
"	District: <sup>2</sup> Rd. System:				*Road#: M.P.							SPage of					
ě	Date: / / Surveyor(s):					<sup>8</sup> Gear:			r.	°Class: _ 10			ge: L	M	H		
<sup>11</sup> Reason for the transition from Class I to II or for end of fish habitat. Gradient Barrier Insufficient Stream Energy Other:																	
Ę	5																
12 Peach		25 Class	P. G.	<sup>15</sup> RIMMIS	16 <b>% tarrt</b> (meten)	rr End (oesten)	GPS Acc:	50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500
Ī							19acc										
							<sup>30</sup> grad										
							"bdw										
							**bfw										
							"incs					1					
							<sup>15</sup> fish										
							26pool										

Comments (Include 100m DS observations: Class, P.G., barrier, fish species?):



#### Tongass Fish Passage

Inventory

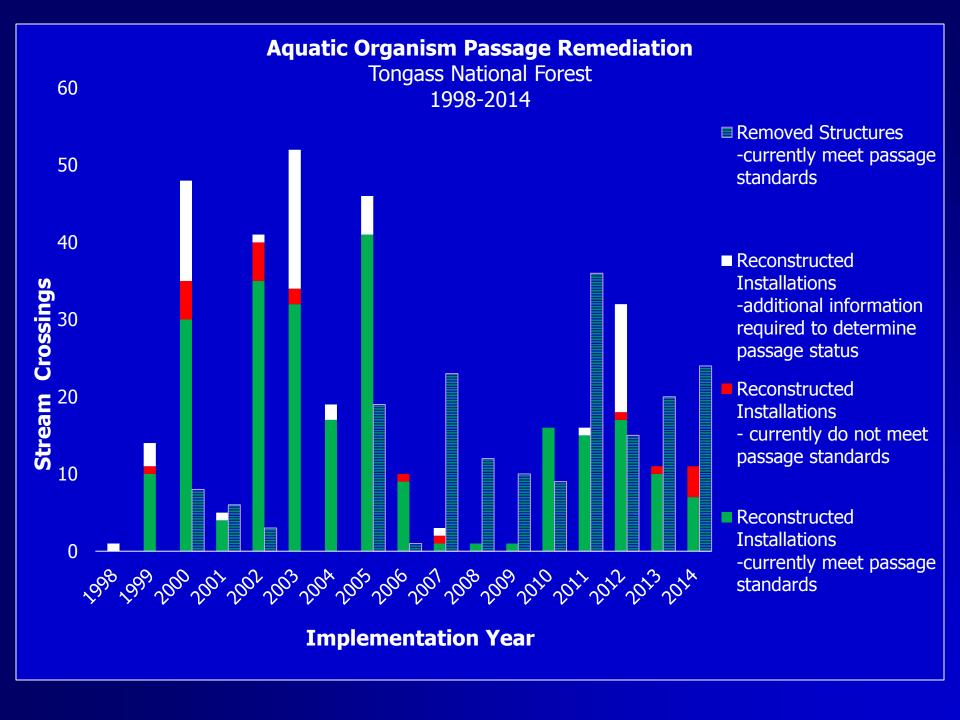
Passage Analysis

Biological Evaluation and Prioritization

Remediation Status







#### Tongass Fish Passage

**Inventory Methods** 

Passage Assessment

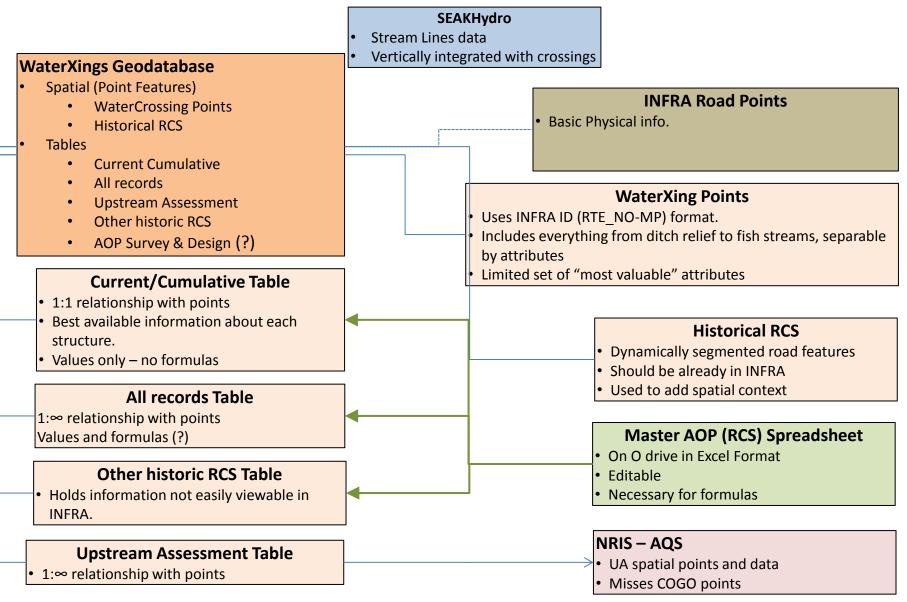
Biological Evaluation and Prioritization

**Remediation Status** 

**Data Management** 



#### **WaterXings**: Data management of current and historic roadcrossing information for the Tongass National Forest



United States Department of Agriculture

**Forest Service** 

National Technology and Development Program

7700—Transportation Mgmt November 2005



# NATIONAL INVENTORY AND ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE—For Identifying Barriers to Aquatic Organism Passage at Road-Stream Crossings

Based on several other fish passage evaluation procedures including: Taylor and Love (2001), USDA Forest Service Region 10 (2001) and USDA Region 6.

#### Diffs from R10 Protocol:

- Complete tailwater x-section
- Fill volume estimate
- 5 bankfull measurements
- Other optional additions

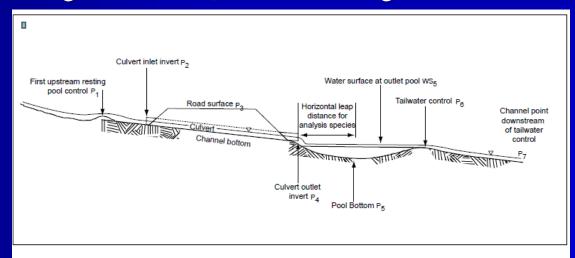


Figure E-12. Long profile survey points.

