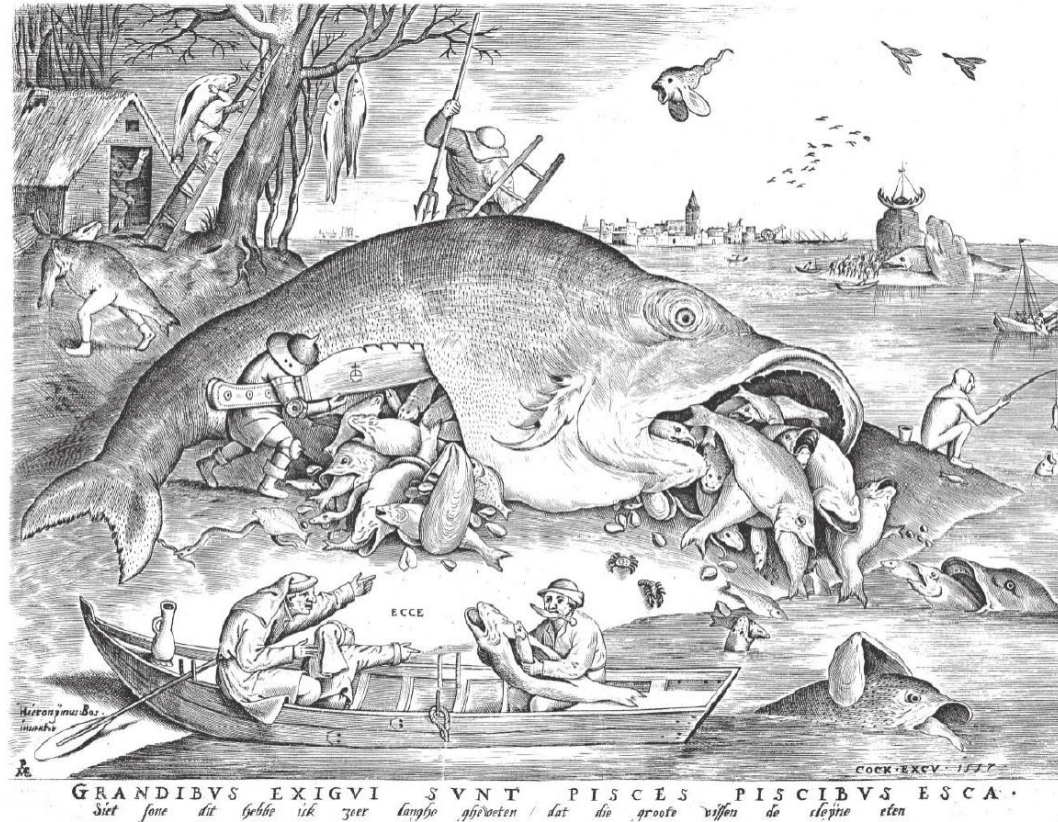


More than the Sum of the Parts: Integrating Nature's Complexity into Climate Change Impact Assessments



Ryan Bellmore and Rick Edward

Pacific Northwest Research Station, Forest Service, Juneau, AK

Nature's Complexity

“I have yet to see any problem, however complicated, which, when looked at in the right way, did not become still more complicated.”

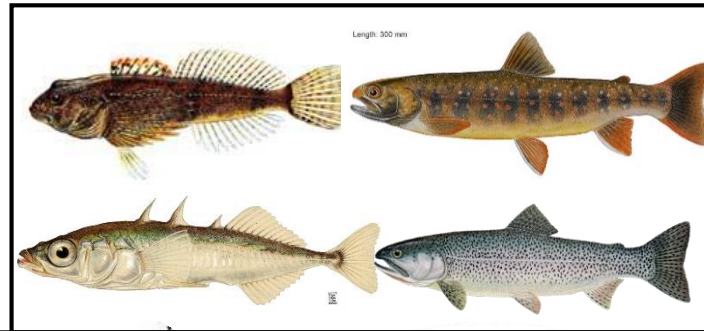
—Poul Anderson

Nature's Complexity

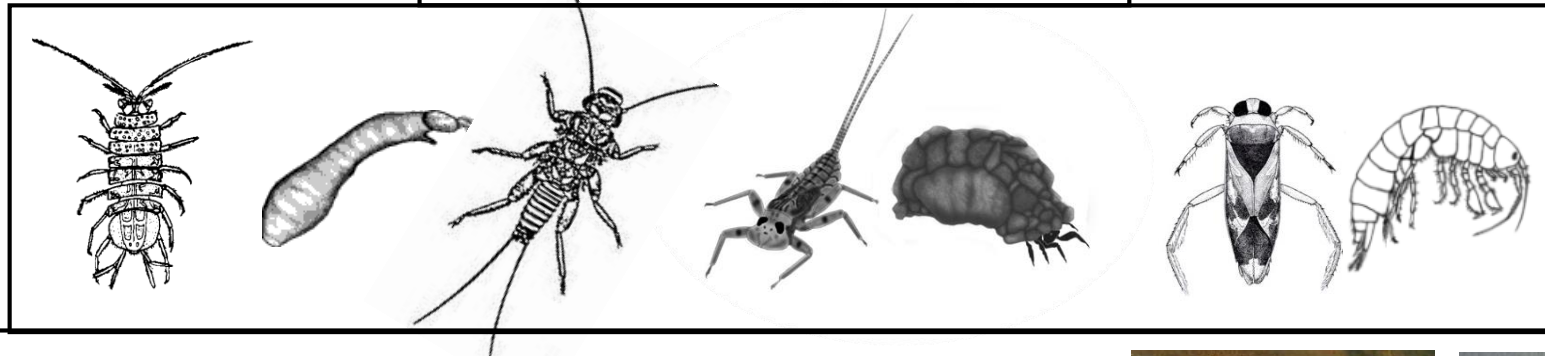


Photo Credit: Jonny Armstrong

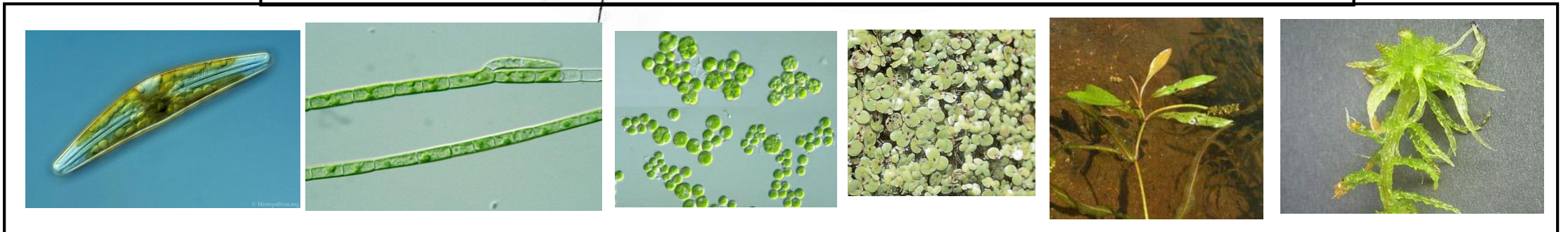
Nature's Complexity



10^1

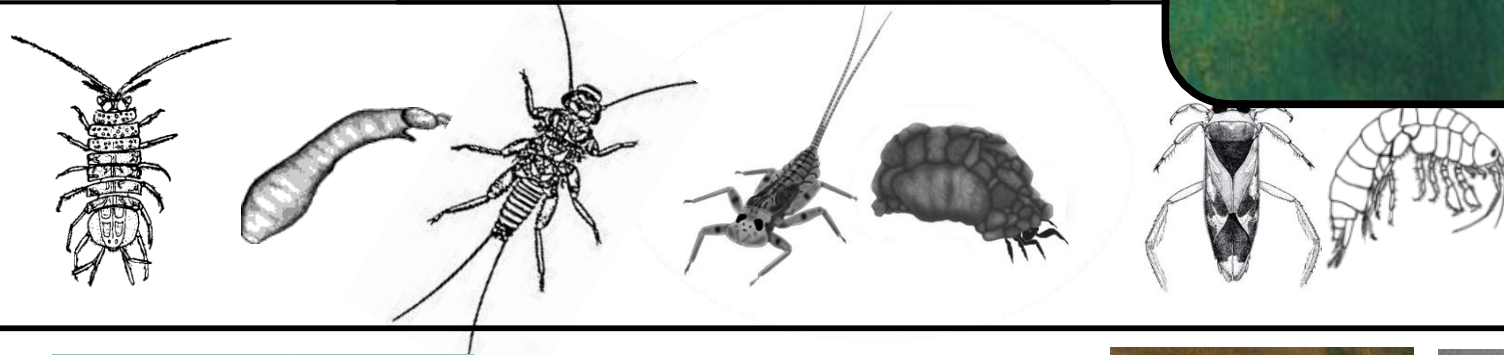
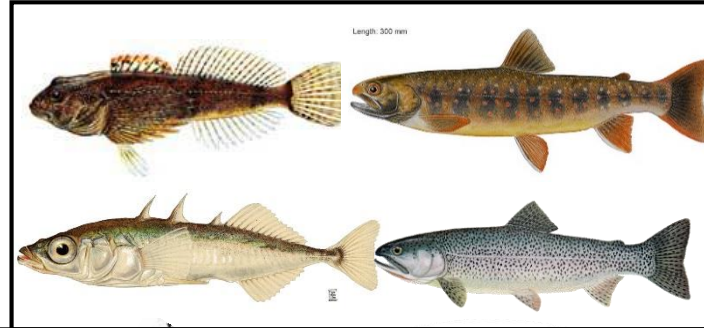


10^2



10^3

Nature's Complexity

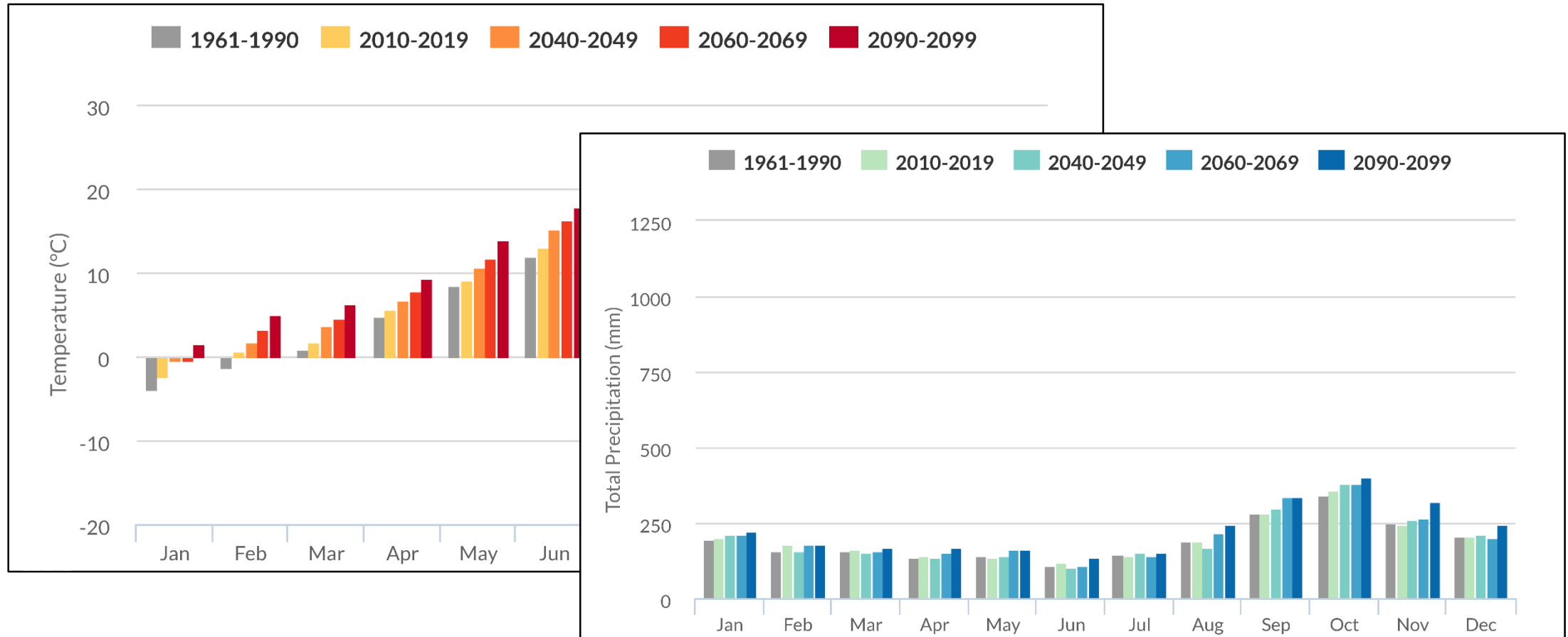


10^2

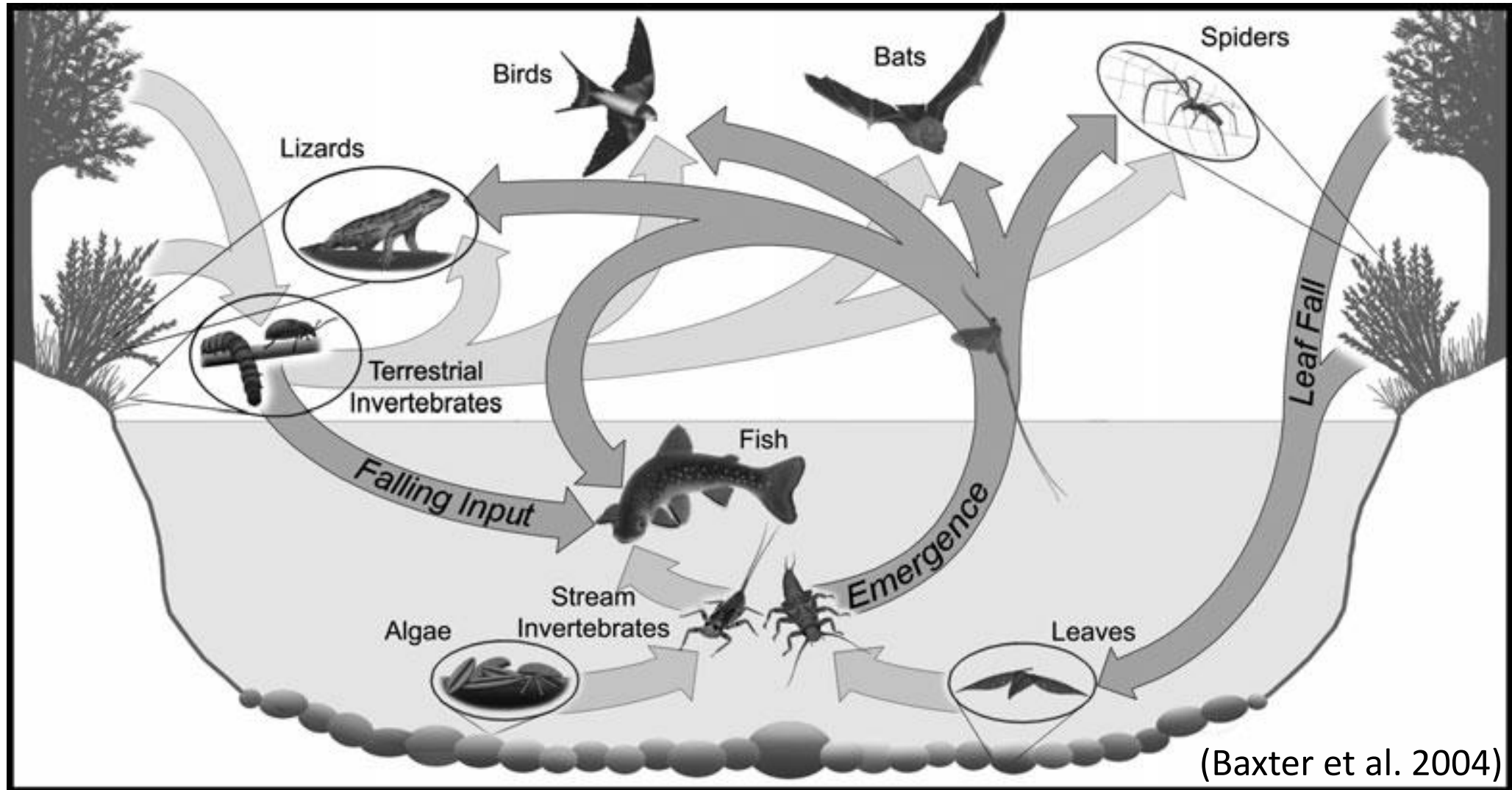


10^3

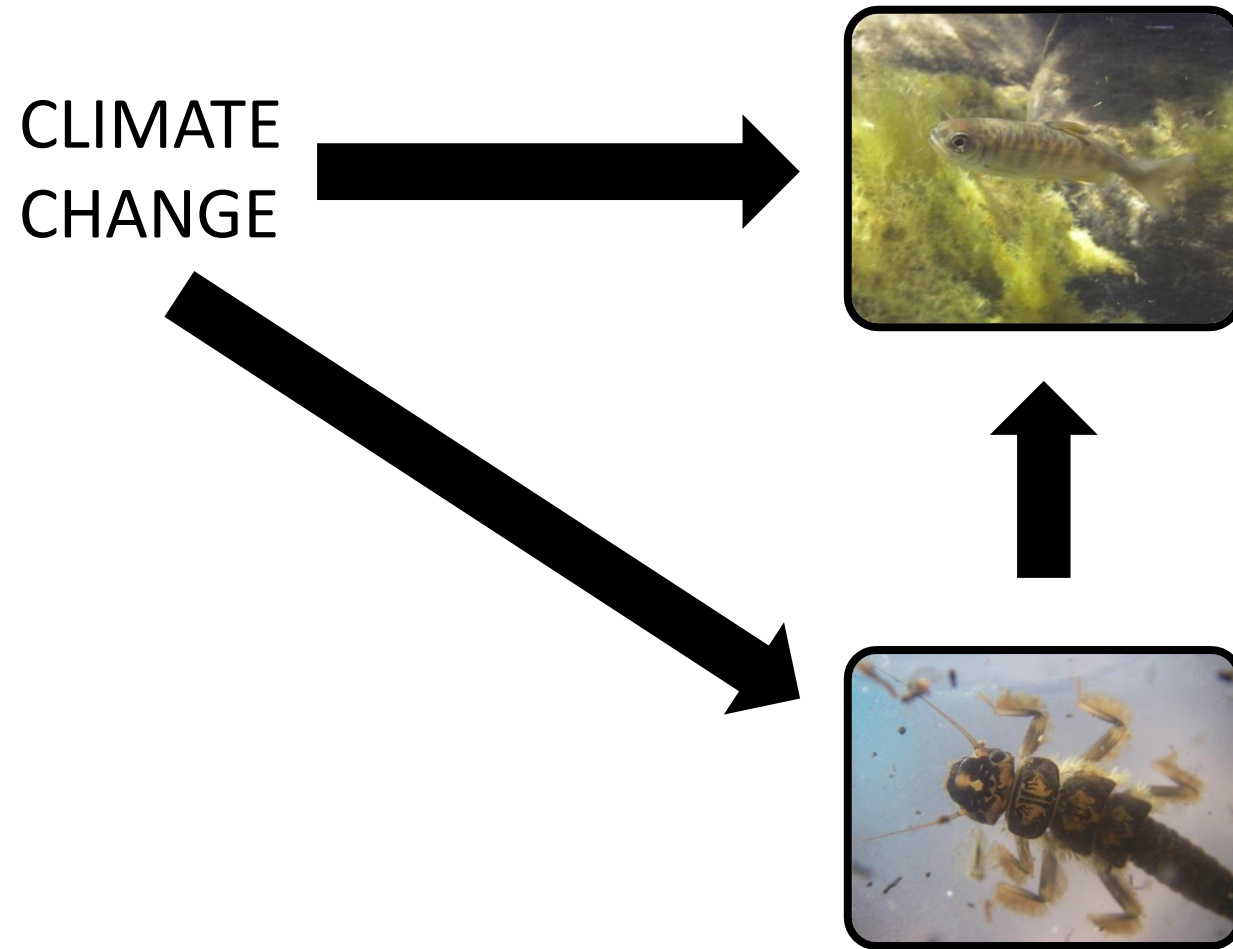
Climate Change Projections



Species Interactions and Climate Change

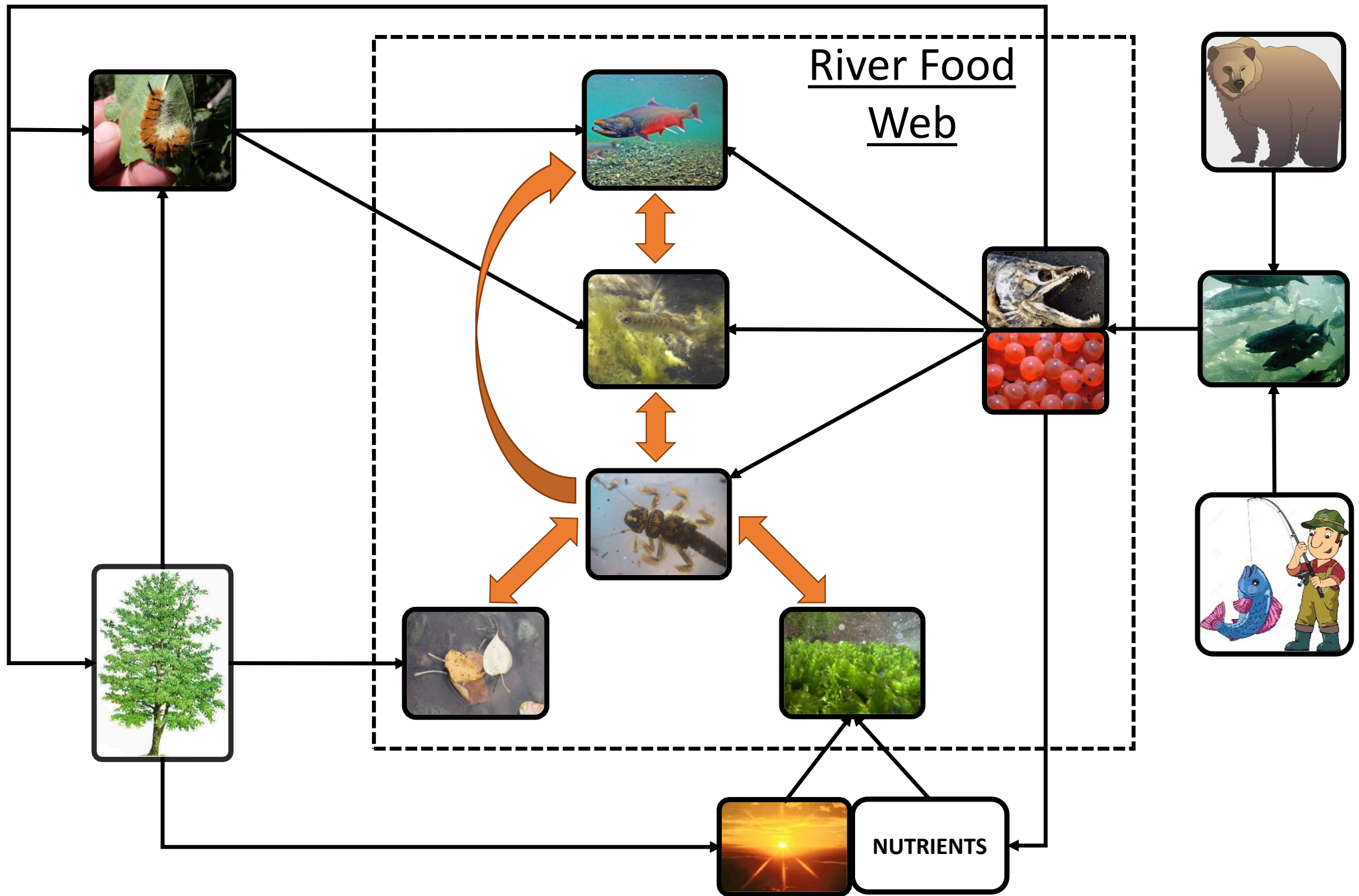


Species Interactions and Climate Change

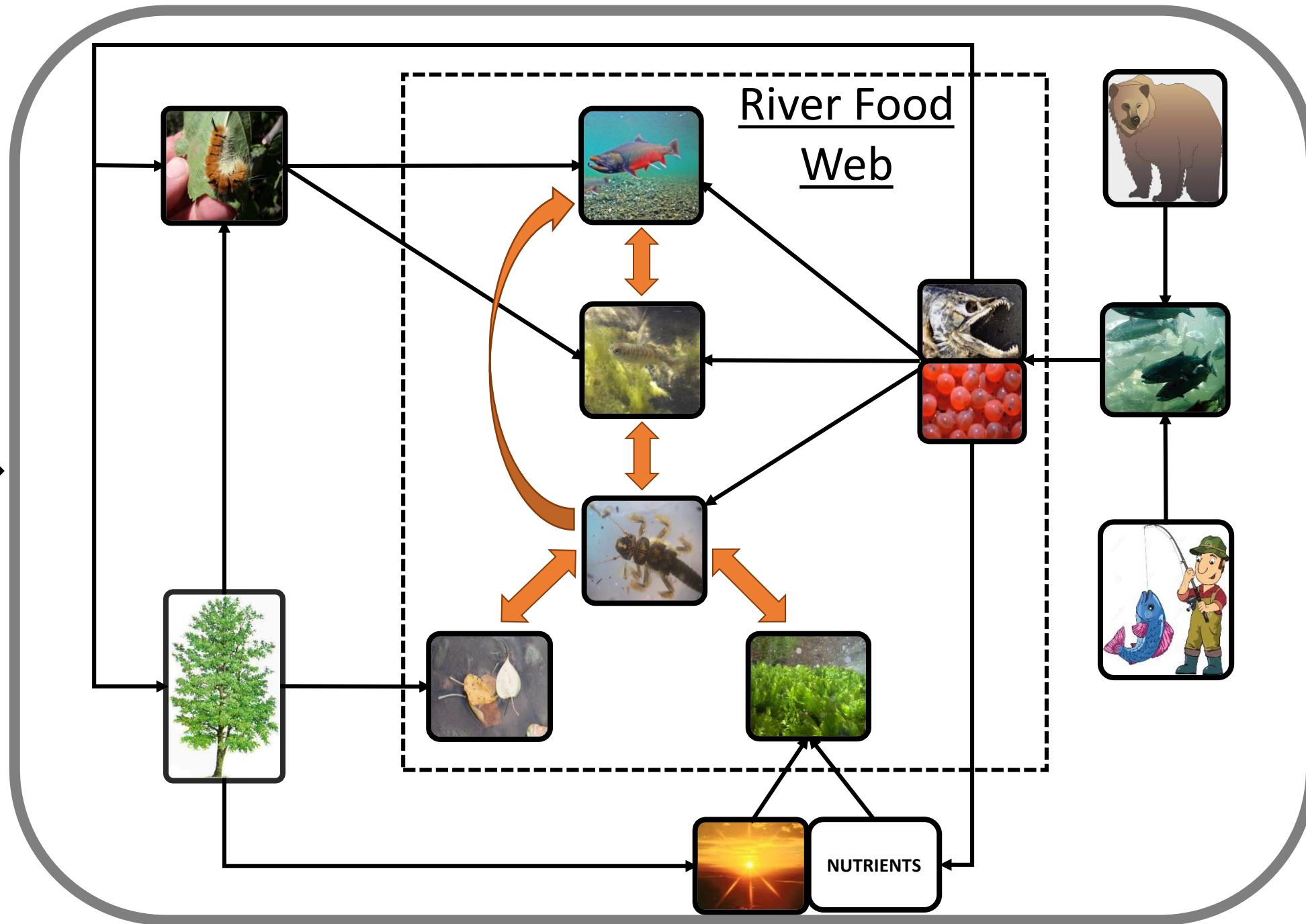


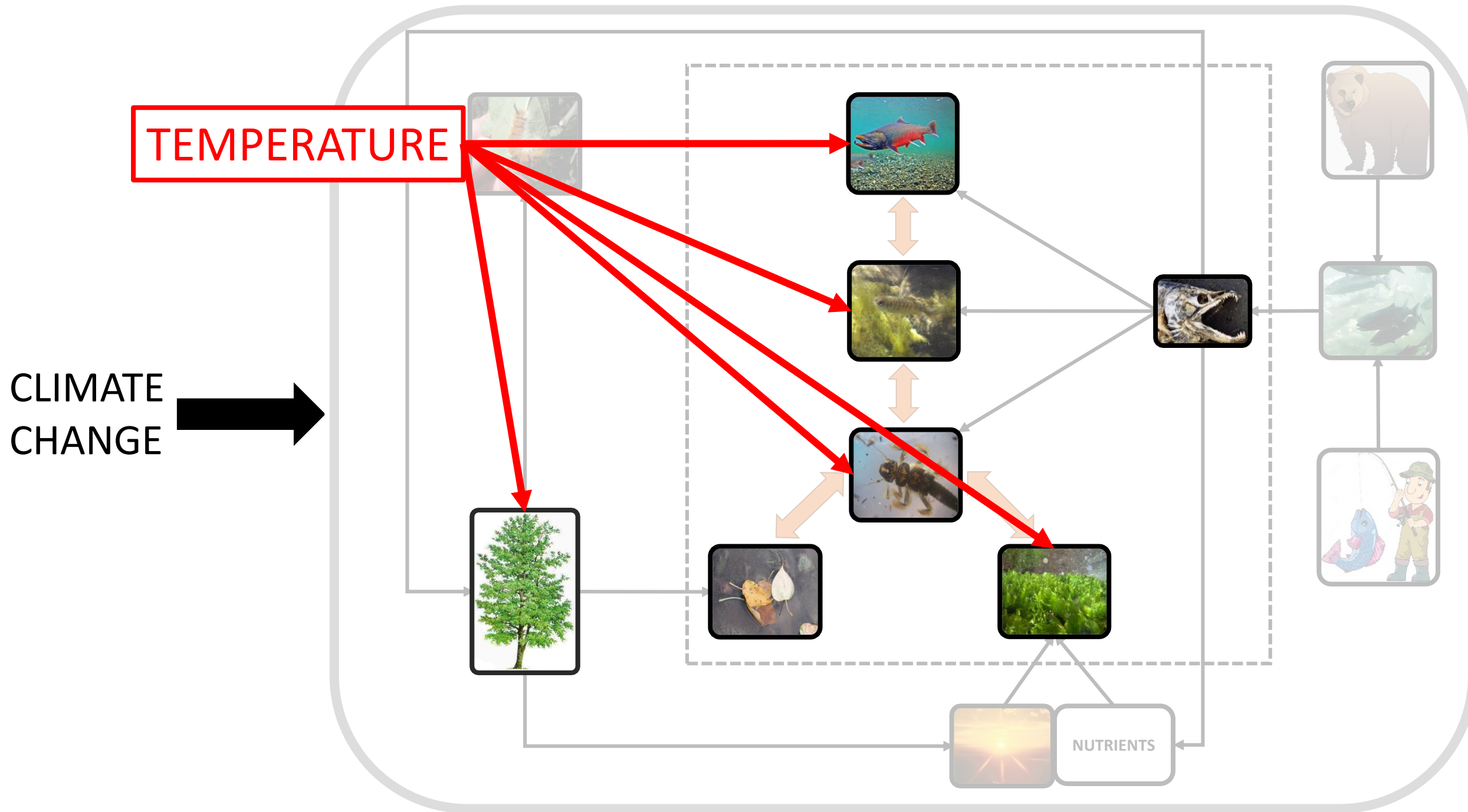
Outline

- 1) How do salmon fit within the larger freshwater ecosystem or food web, and how might climate change influence these webs?
- 1) What approaches exist for understanding these complex interactions and projecting climate change influences?
- 2) What are the guiding principles for managing for this complexity in the face of climate change?

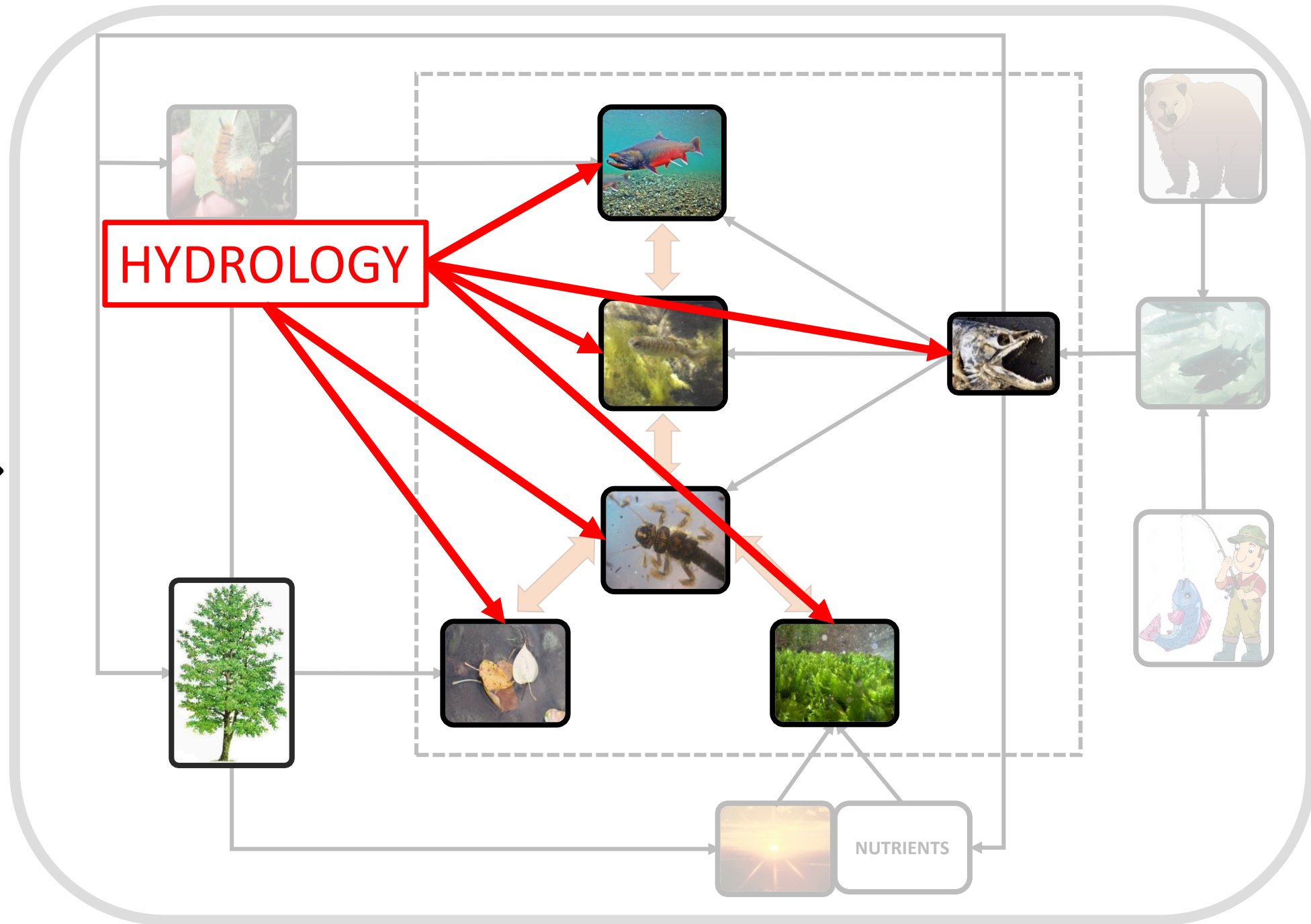


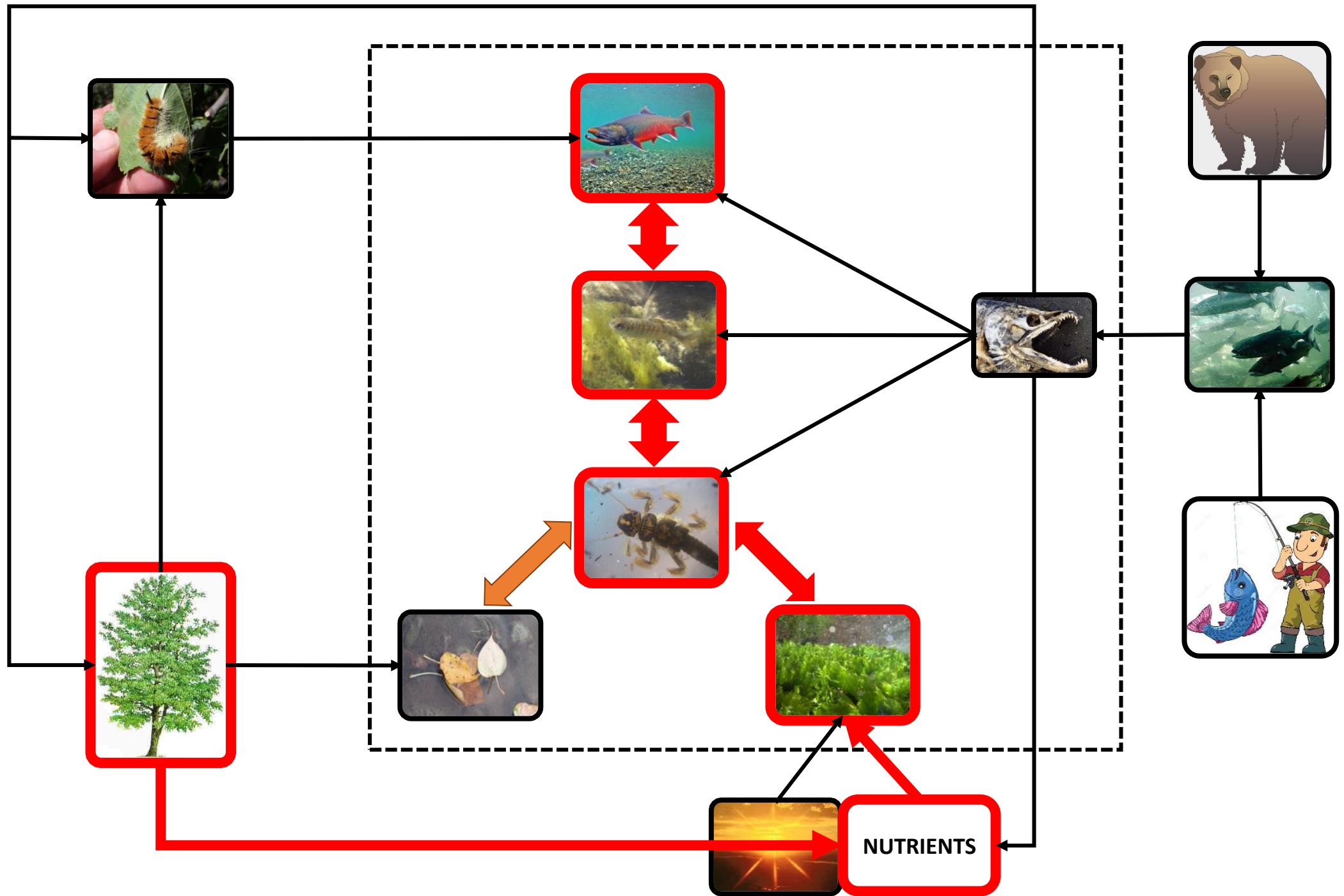
CLIMATE
CHANGE





CLIMATE
CHANGE



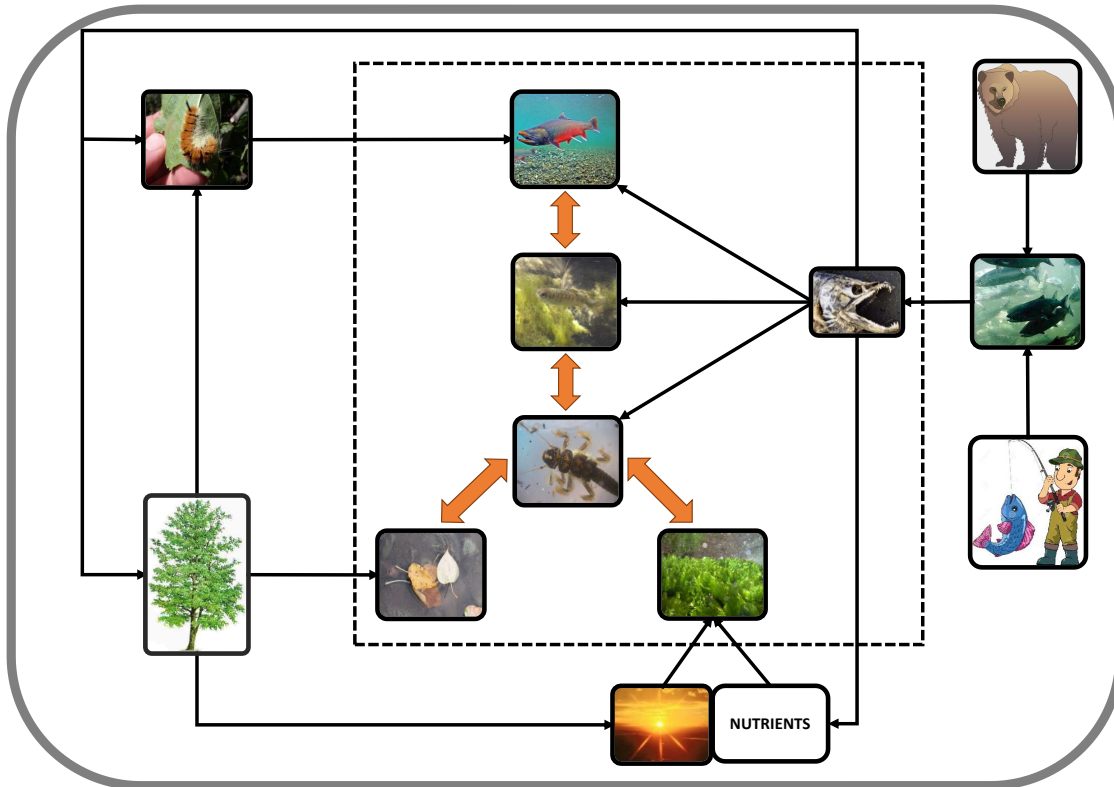


Outline

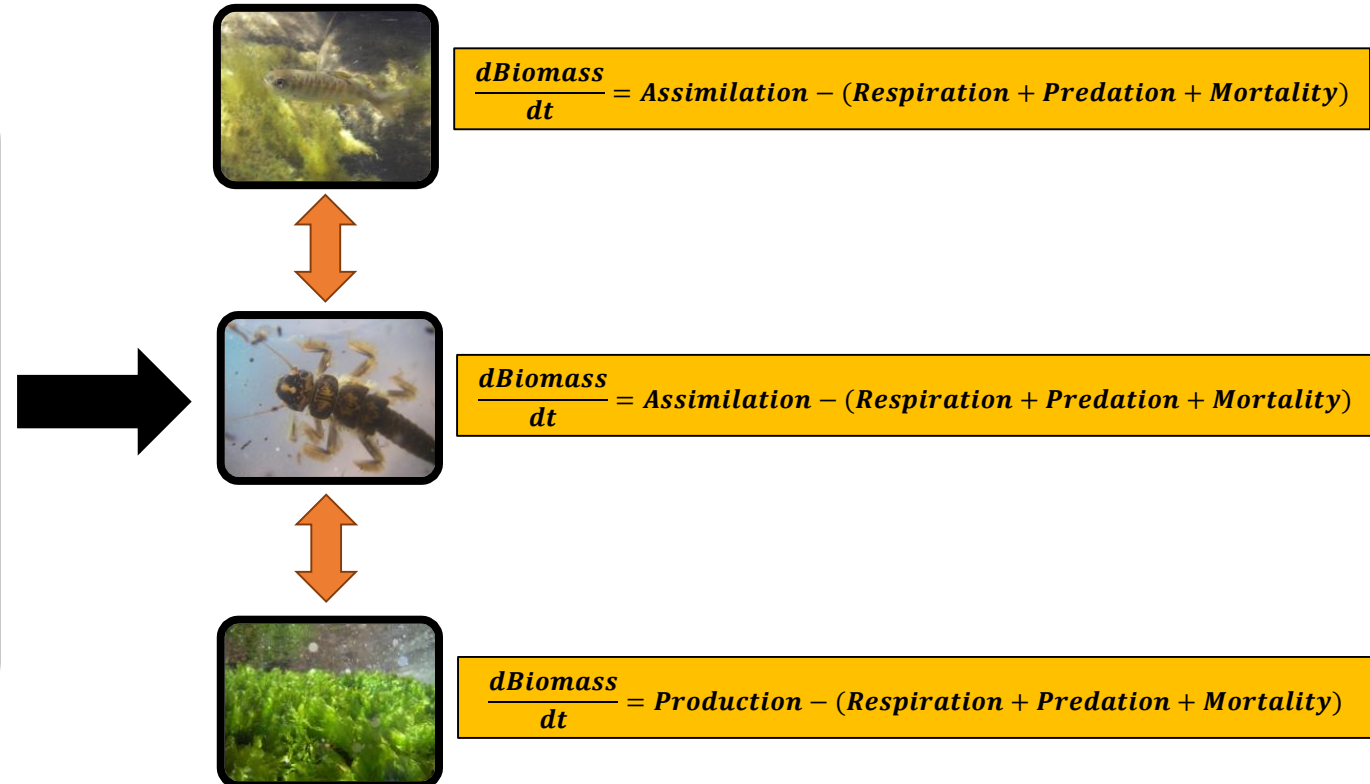
- 1) How do salmon fit within the freshwater food web, and how might climate change influence these webs?
- 1) What approaches exist for better understanding these complex interactions and projecting climate change influences?
- 2) What are the guiding principles for managing for this complexity in the face of climate change?

Modeling Approaches

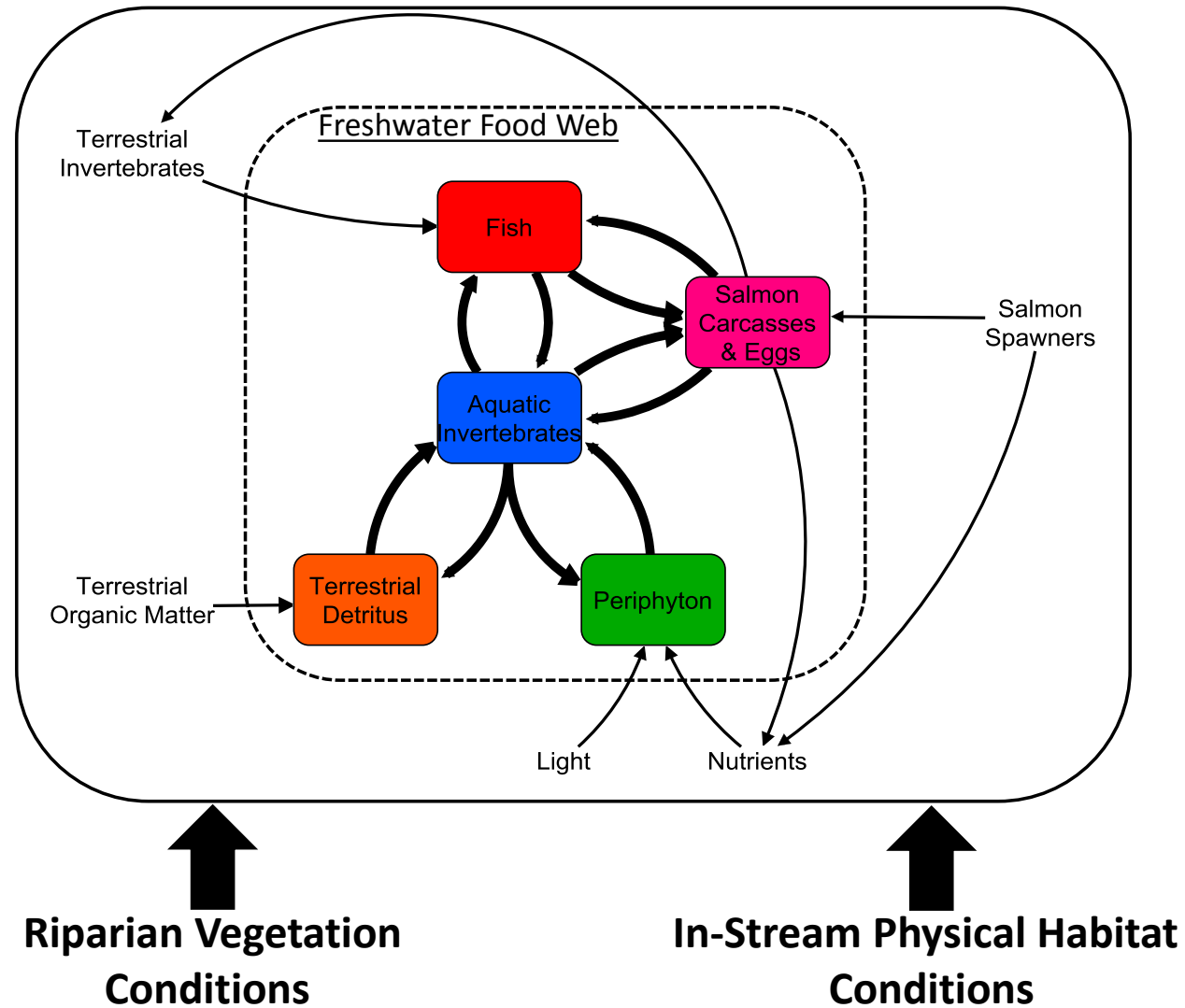
Conceptual Model



Mathematical Model



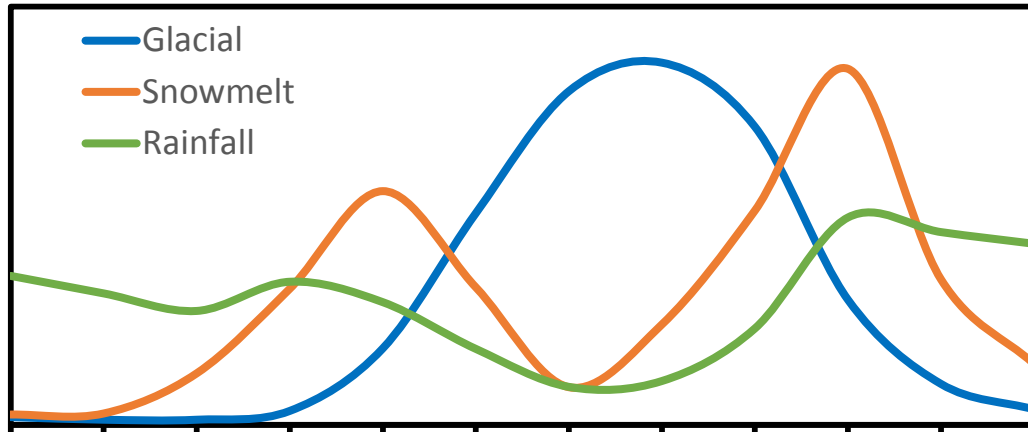
Modeling Approaches



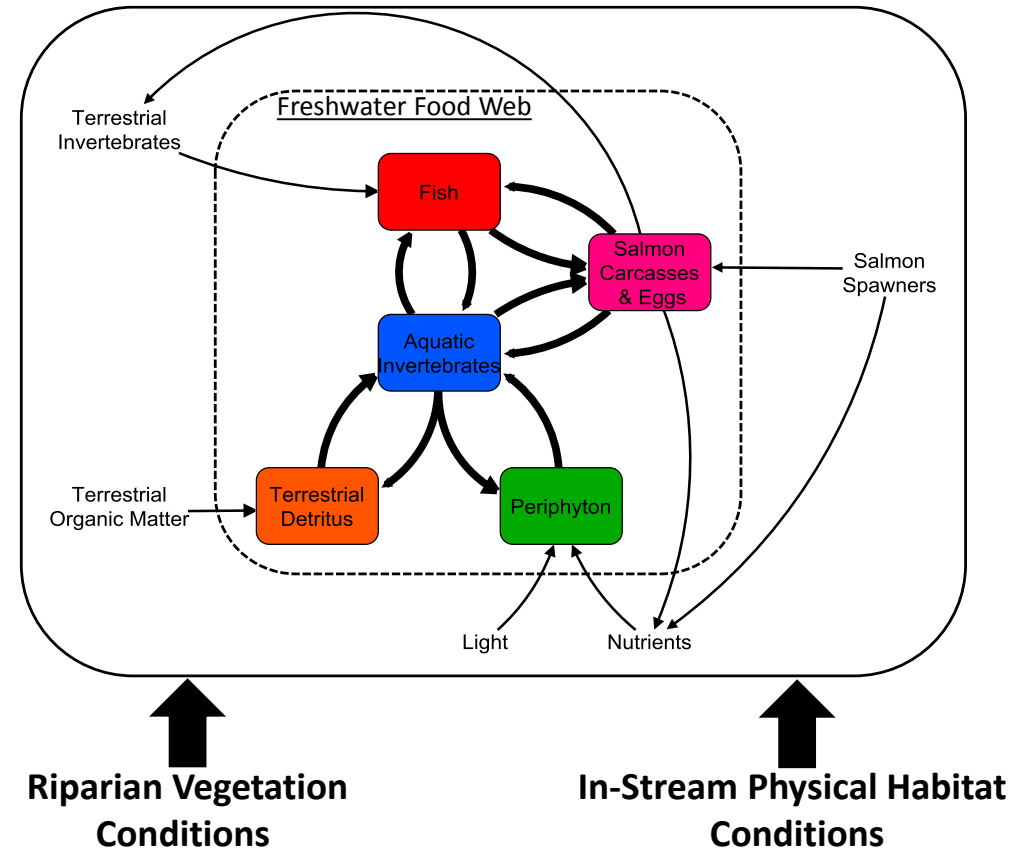
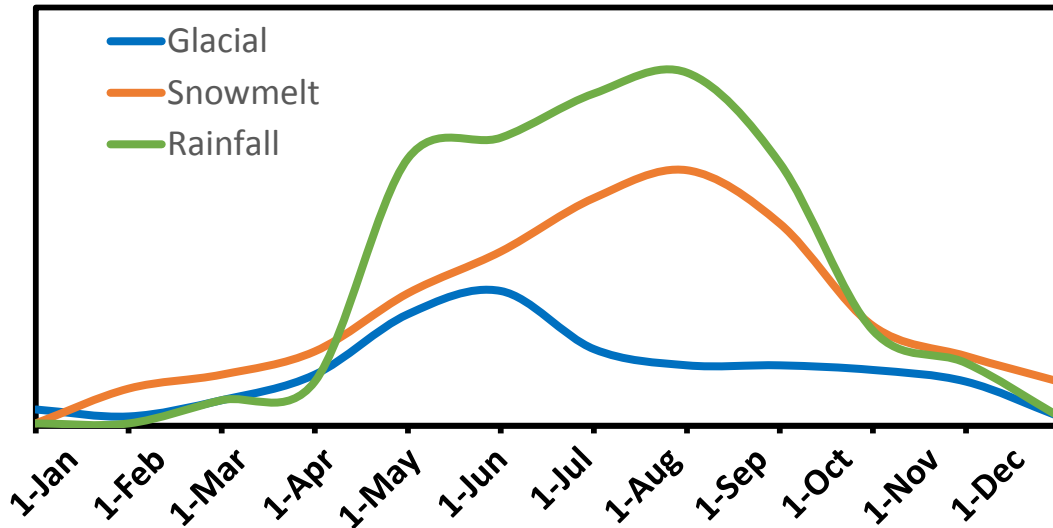
(Bellmore & Benjamin, In Review)

Modeling Approaches

Hydrograph

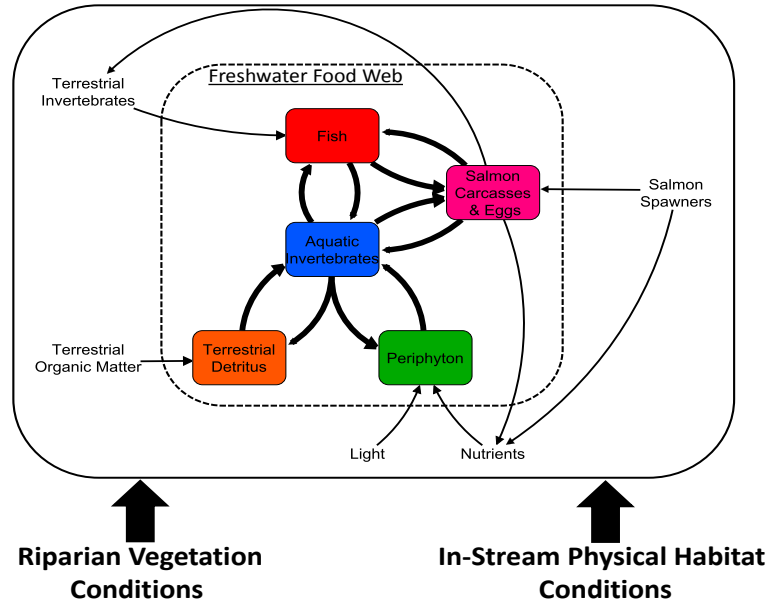


Temperature Profile

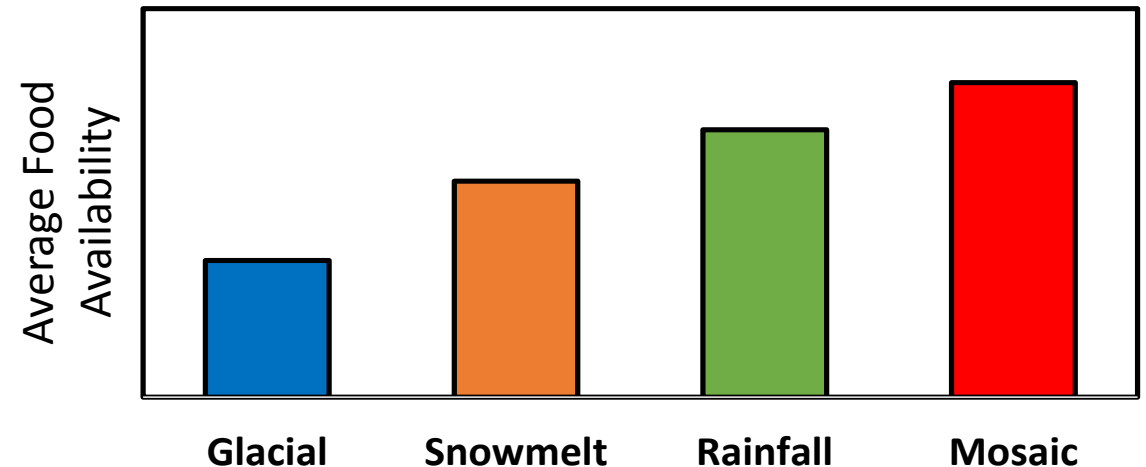
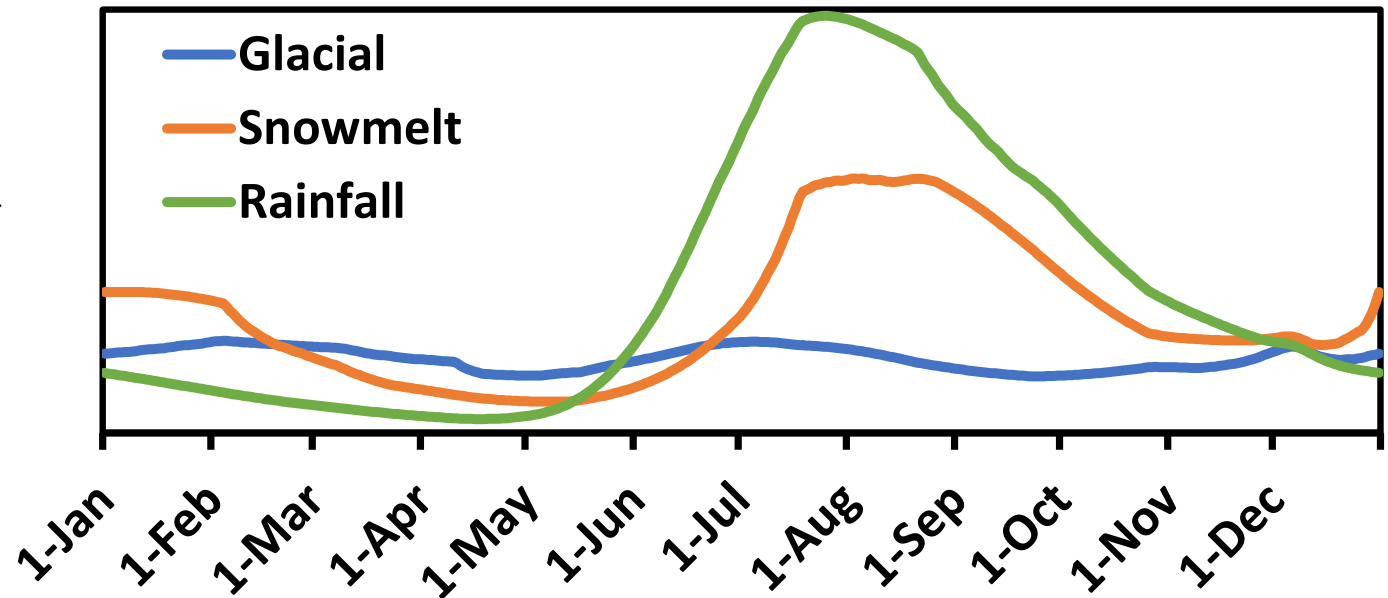


(Edwards et al. 2013, Shanley et al. 2015)

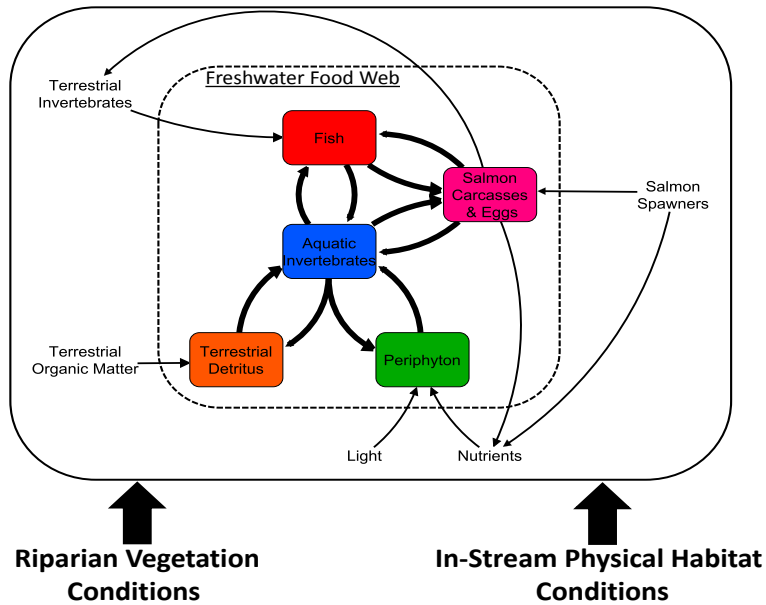
Modeling Approaches



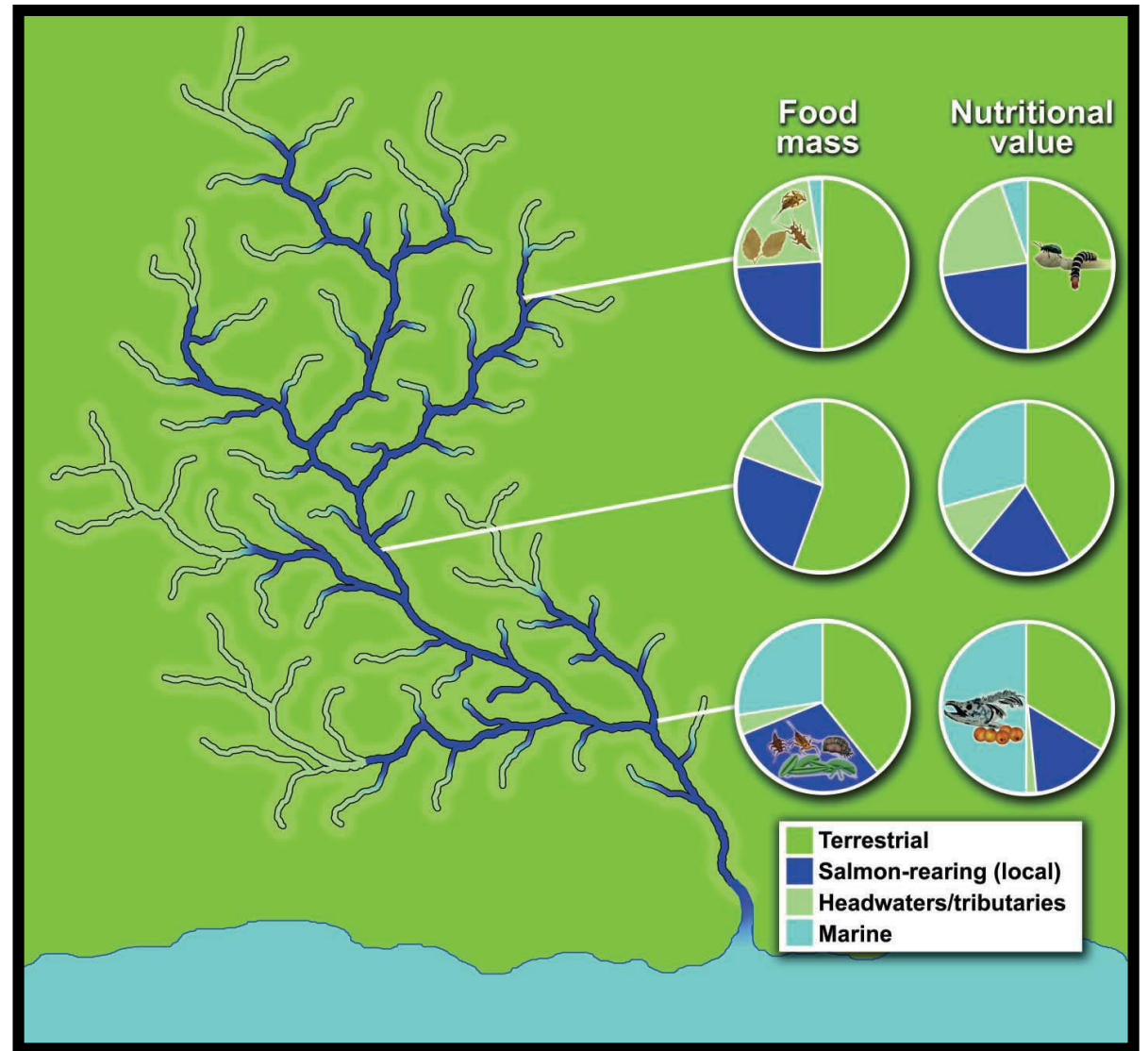
Modeled Food Availability



Modeling Approaches

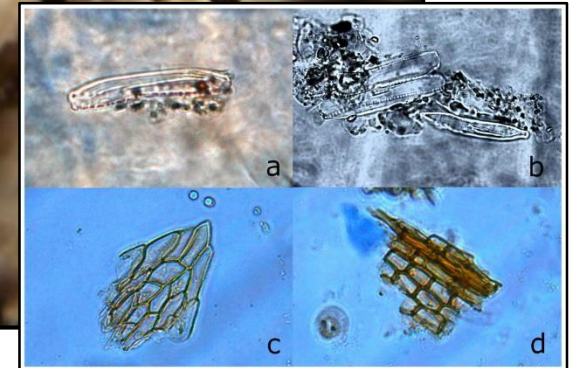


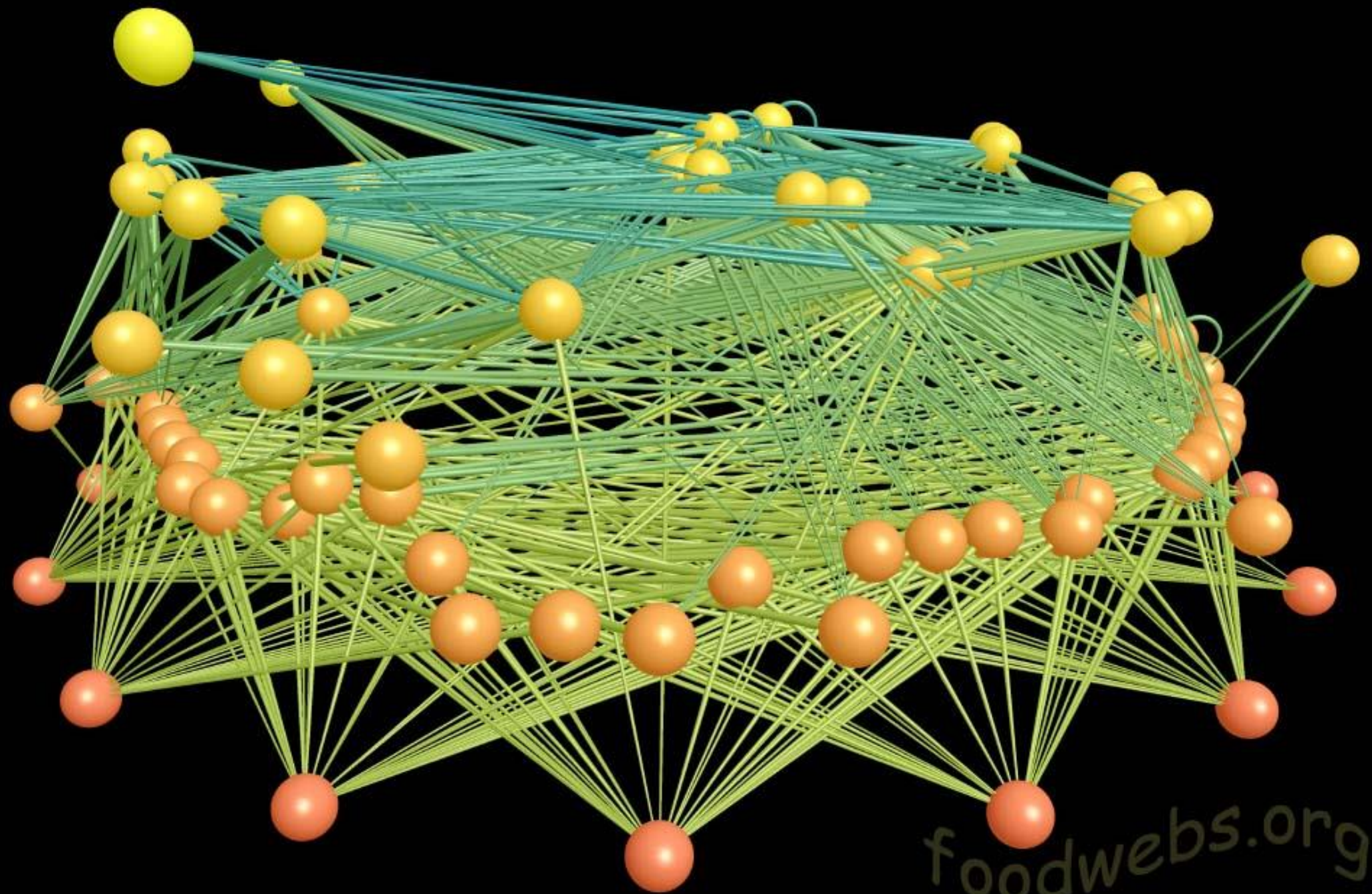
Need to model these interaction
at the watershed scale!



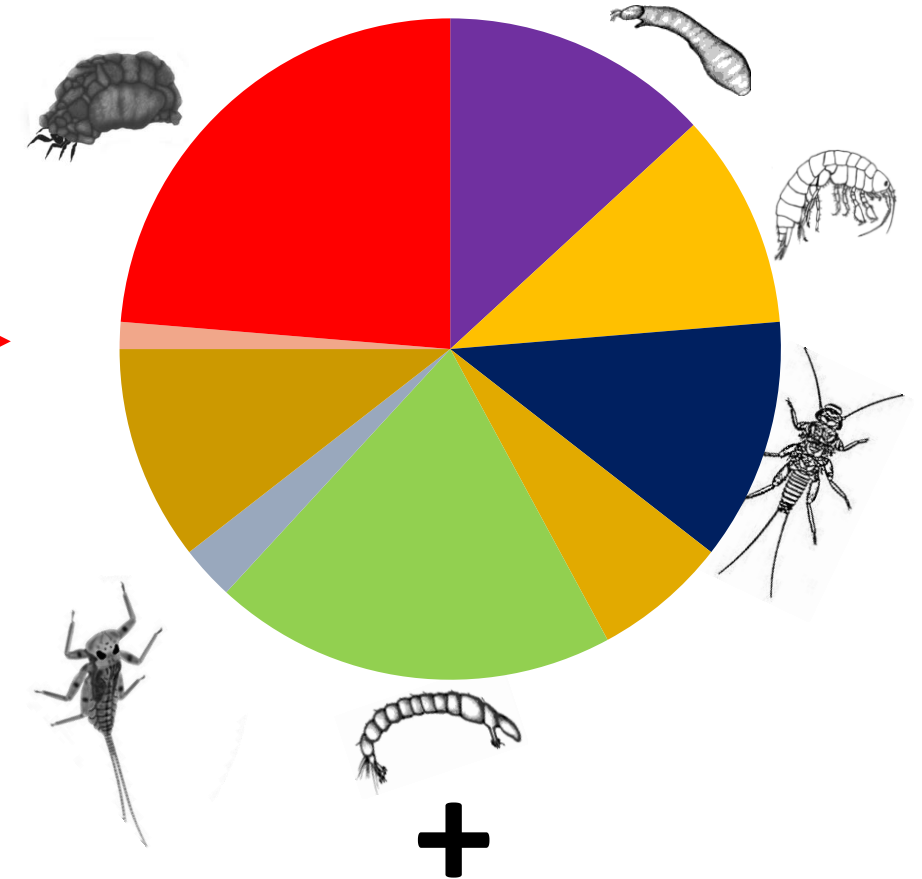
(Wipfli and Baxter 2010)

Empirical Approaches





Trophic Basis of Production



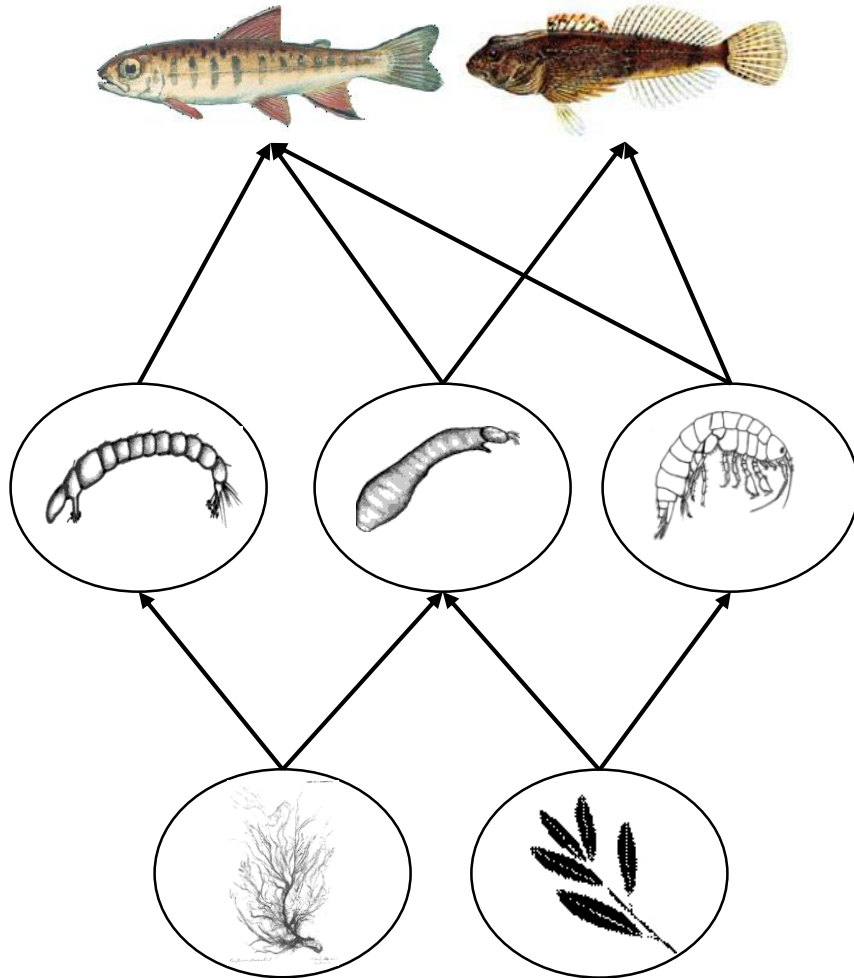
+

- Rates of Production (mass/time)
- Bioenergetic information

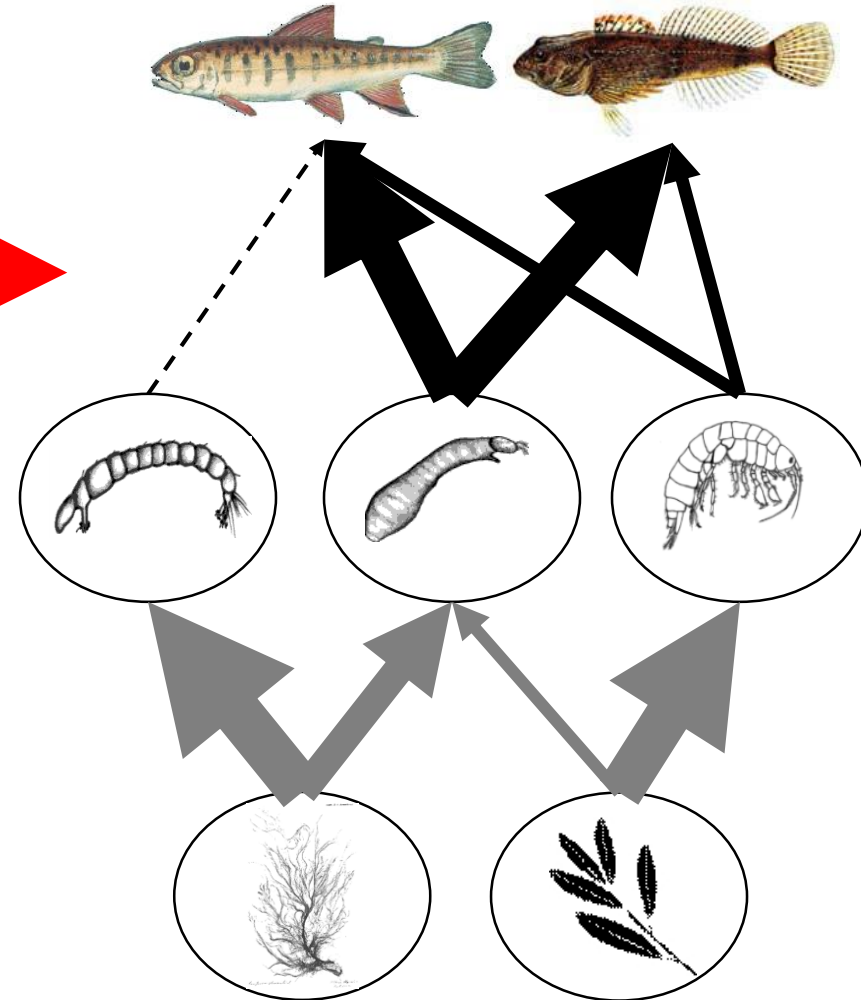
(Benke and Wallace 1997, Ecology)

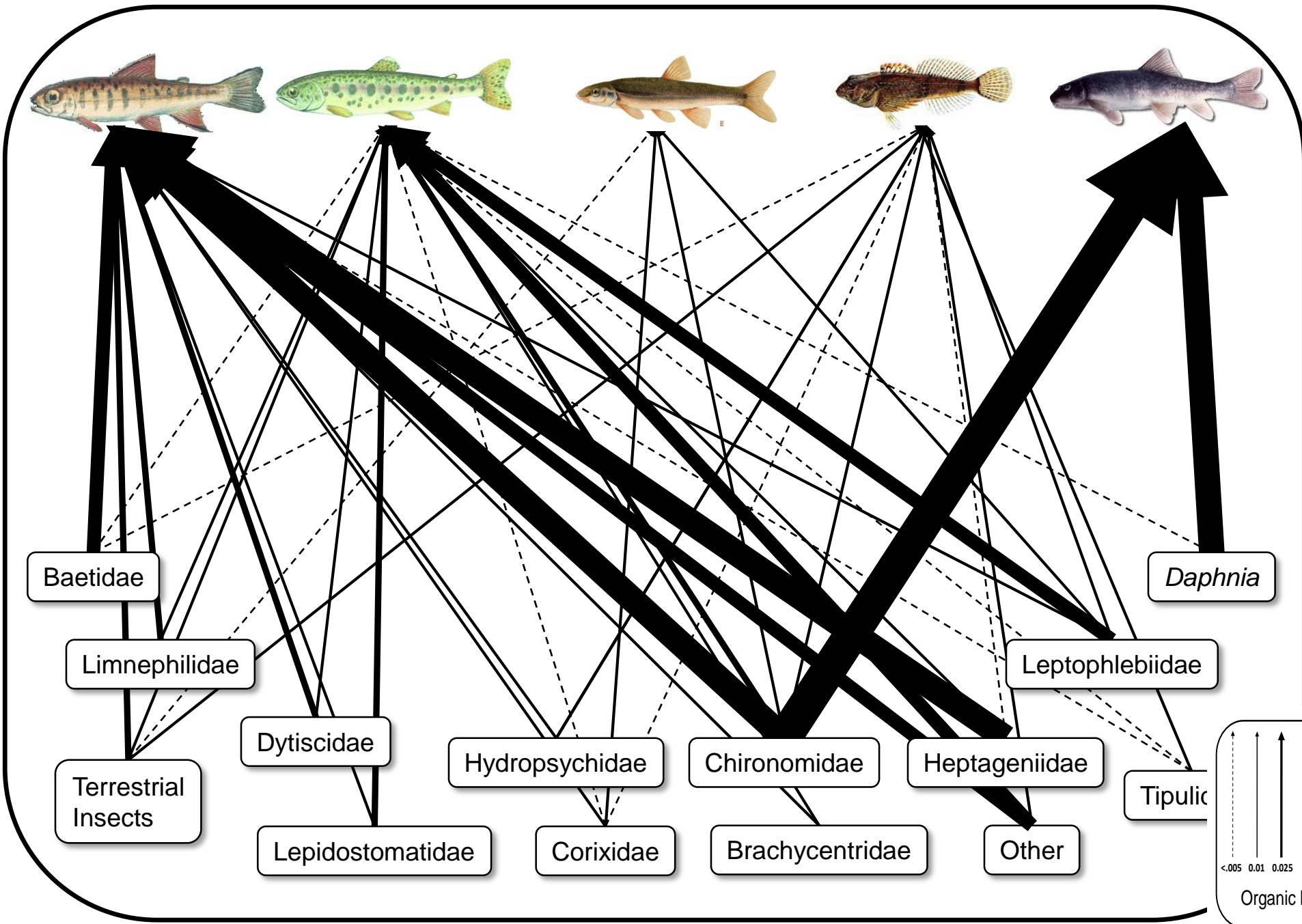
Quantitative Food Webs

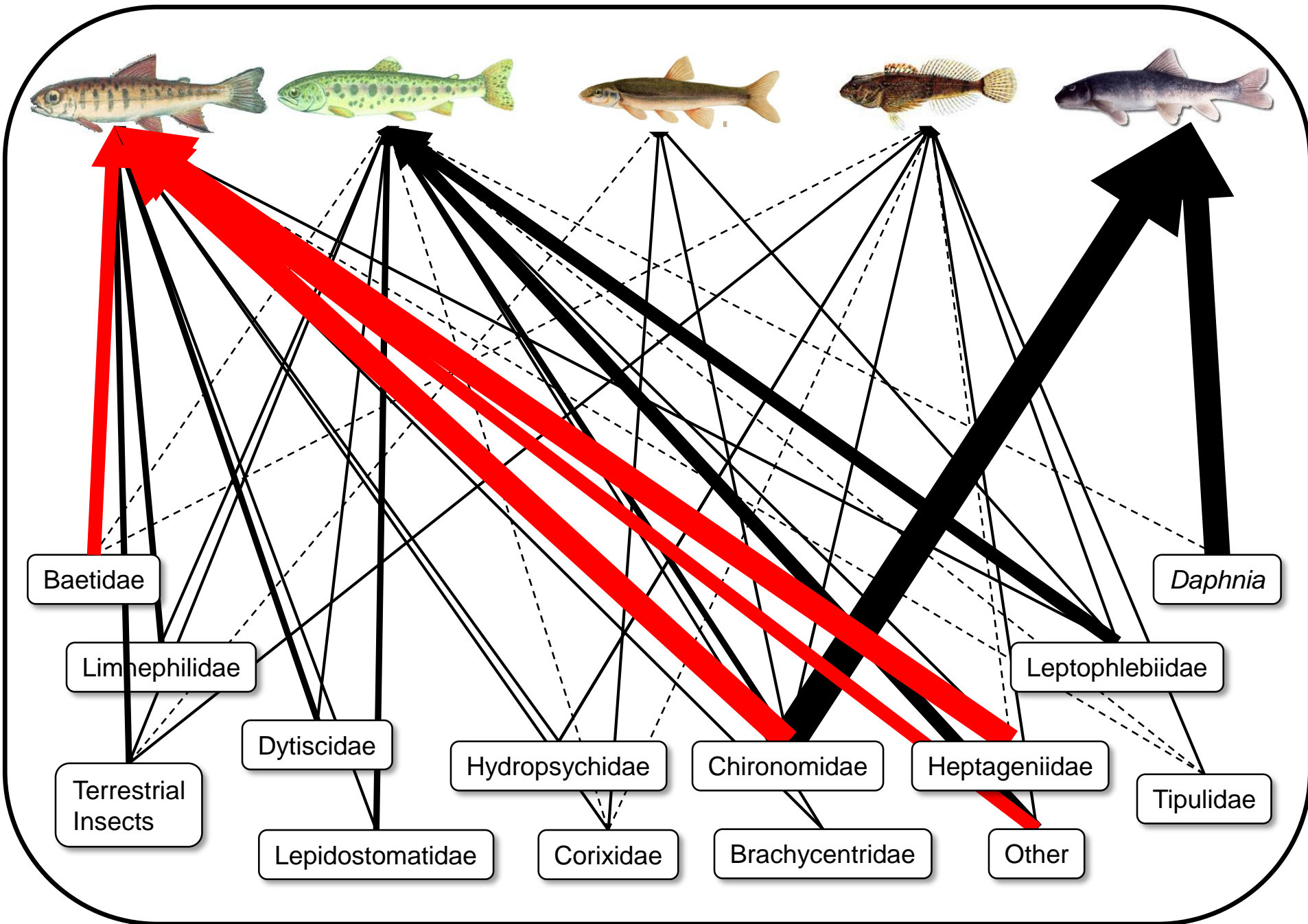
"Linkage" web

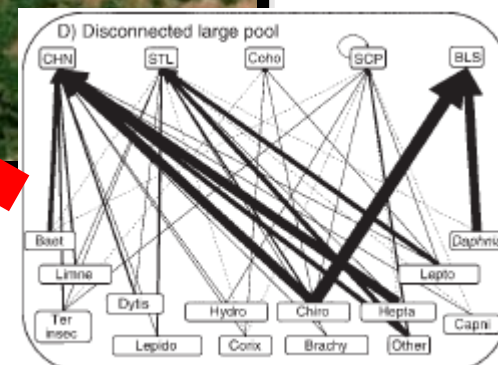
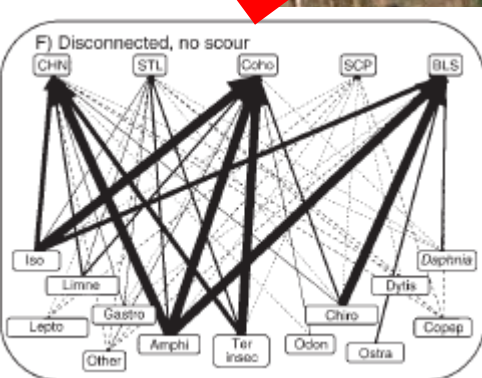
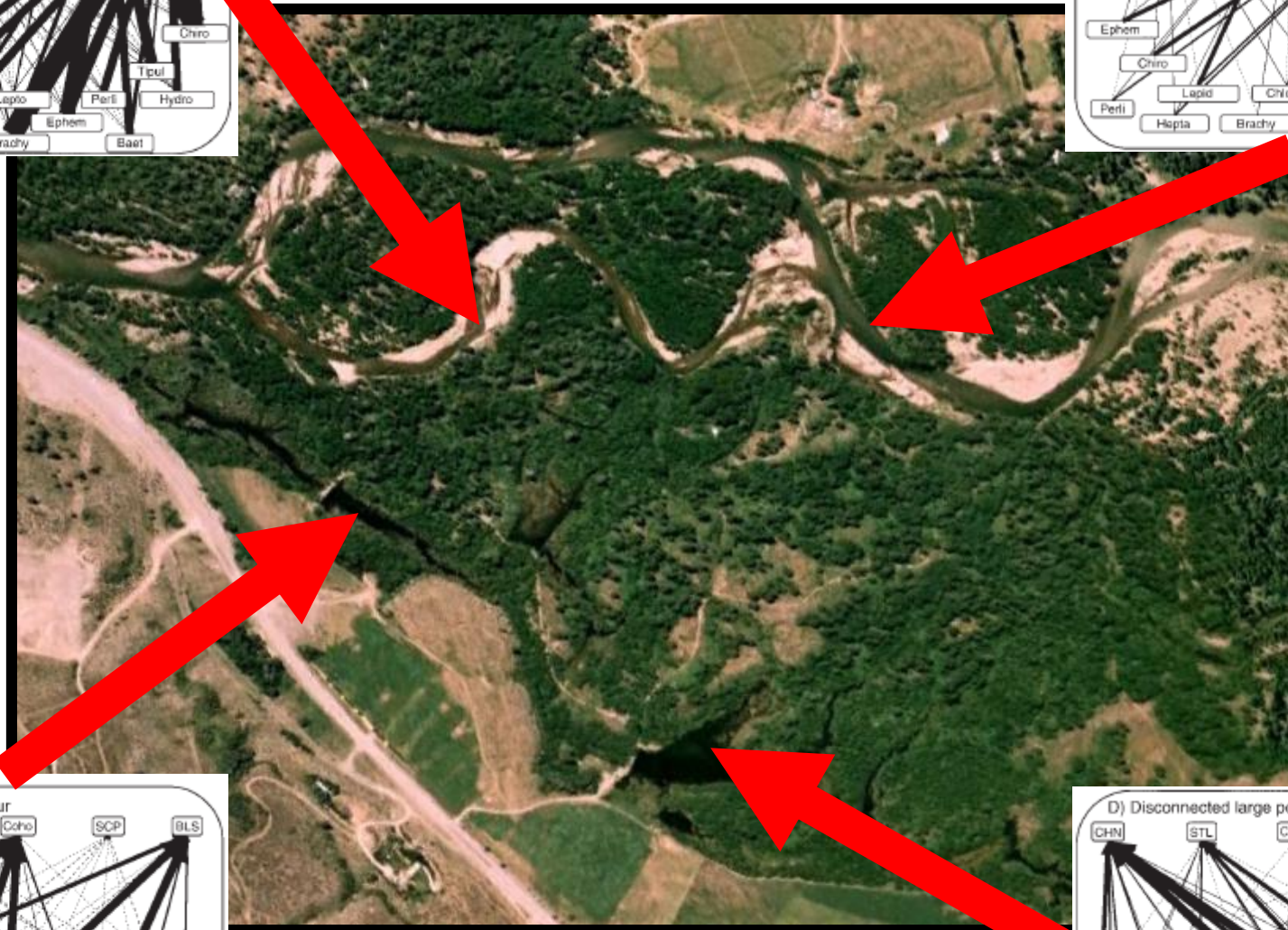
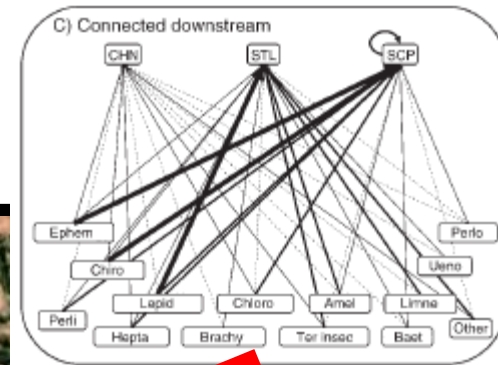
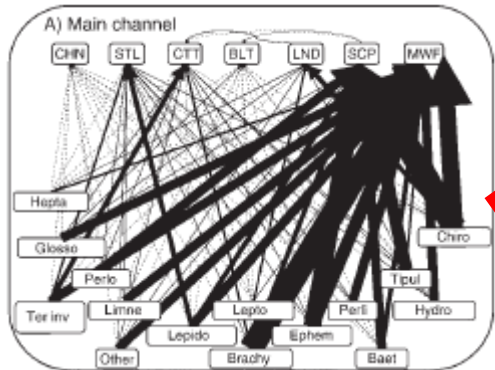


Quantitative flow web









Outline

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Guiding Principles

Maintain biodiversity

An insurance policy for an uncertain future



Guiding Principles

Maintain Heterogeneity

Diverse, complex, and connected habitats support biological diversity



Guiding Principles

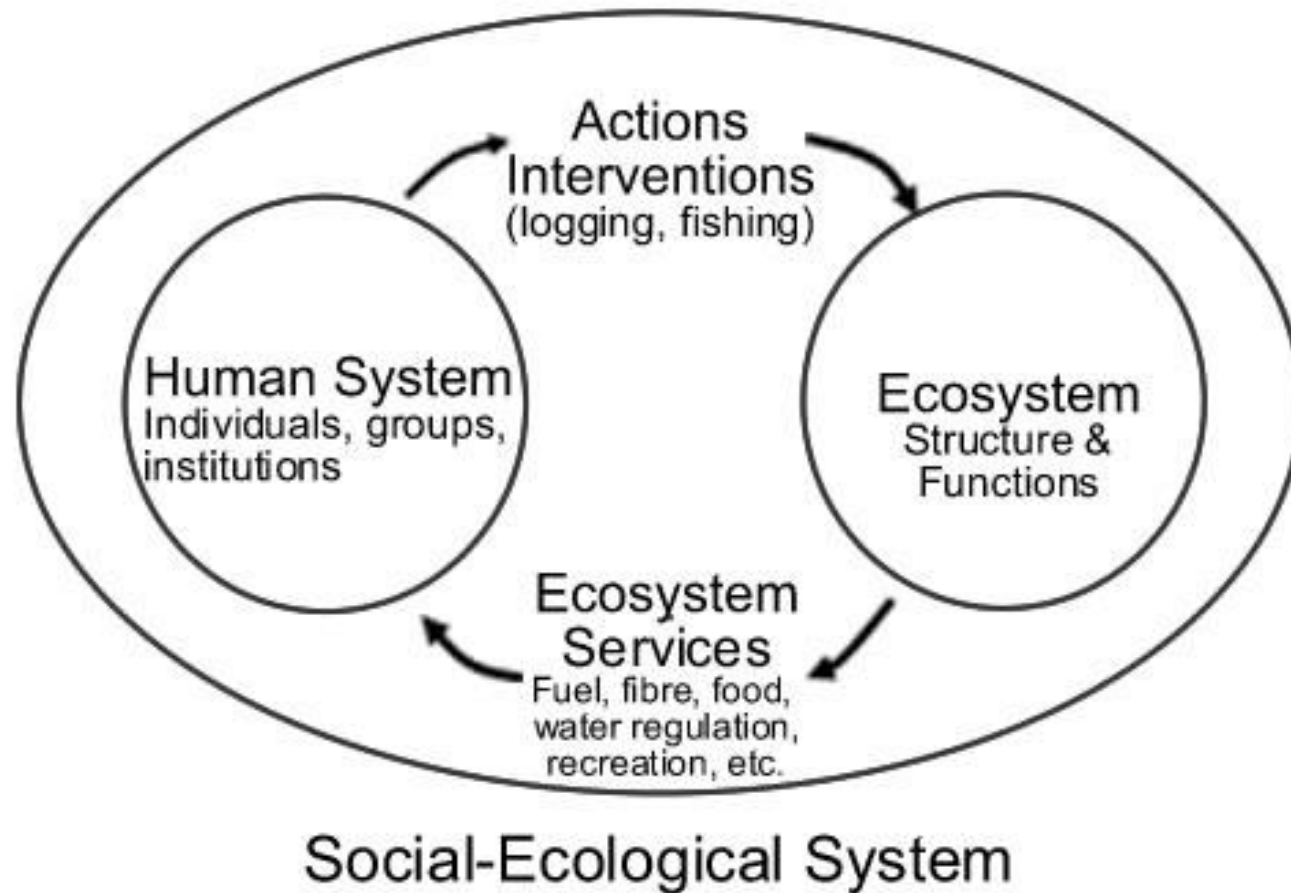
Maintain Natural Process

Disturbances create heterogeneity



Guiding Principles

Ecosystem will adapt. Can we?



Embrace Complexity

“Let's face it, the universe is messy. It is nonlinear, turbulent, and chaotic. It is dynamic. . . .It self-organizes and evolves. It creates diversity, not uniformity. That's what makes the world interesting, that's what makes it beautiful, and that's what makes it work.”

-Donella Meadows, *Thinking in Systems*

Acknowledgements

Thanks for the inspiring conversations!

Anne Beaudreau, Allison Bidlack, Ron Britton, Buck Bryant, Dave D'Amore, Rick Edwards, Jason Feldman, Liz Graham, Deborah Hart, Paul Hennon, Eran Hood, John Hudson, Shiela Jacobson, Di Johnson, Justin Koller, Dana Kuntzsch, Don Martin, Robin Mulvey, Wayne Owens, Chris Sergeant, Neil Stichert